

# MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. IX.—NO. 11.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1897.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

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Office in Bole's block, cor. Main and River streets.

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**R-I-P-A-N-S.**  
ONE GIVES RELIEF.

**\$10.00 TO \$25.00 A WEEK: SURE.**  
Right at your home! Men, women want it; whole or spare time at home. Work steady and simple; no book canvassing. Send your name and address and full instructions; ready to go to work will be free. No expense whatever. Address: THE MEMORIAL PRINTING & LITH. CO., 59 Dundas St., London, Ont.

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MAIN STREET, - - MOOSE JAW.

**To Customers..**

I expect my next consignment of plums and pears on or about September 1st. Get your fruit from this lot as it may be the last this season.

**THOS. HEALEY**,  
Cranberries now on hand,—  
\$1.00 per pail.

**SLATER'S**

FOR **Fall... Suitings**  
In Nobby Scotch and English Goods.

**SPECIALTY** ..  
.. **PANTINGS.**

WAGHORN'S GUIDE & PULLY DIRECTORY TO 50c W

## Fall and Winter SUITINGS.

We have our new fall stock of Tweeds, Worsted, Tronsering and overcoating in and we feel satisfied that it is the most complete and fashionable stock ever brought to the town of Moose Jaw. We have chosen these goods, especially for the North-West trade. See our heavy-weight double-woven Serges in black and blue—the best on the market. Come in and see if we have not the best stock you ever seen and the best values.

Everything Guaranteed at ..  
**W. N. MITCHELL'S.**

**PYNY-PECTORAL**  
Positively Cures COUGHS AND COLDS  
in a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.  
W. C. McCOMBS & Son,  
Bouchette, Que.,  
report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Gordon of chronic cold in chest and bronchitis, and also cured W. C. McCombs of a long-standing cold.

## FALL & WINTER

Miss Clarke's.

Our new fall stock of 'Ladies' Coats, Capes, Hats, etc., etc., have arrived and every line is strictly up to date in style, fit and finish. Call and inspect them even if you don't intend to buy. We also have on hand a complete stock of all lines in ladies' furnishings etc., etc.

## Eyes ..

Tested and Fitted Scientifically....

I have now a new line of high grade flint and pebble glasses, in gold, gold filled, steel or nickel frames. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Also new stock of ladies' watches, chains and blouse sets. All kinds of watches, clocks and jewelry repaired on short notice.

**J. U. MUNNS.**

**JNO. BELLAMY.**

Furniture.....  
Baby Carriages..  
Picture Frames..  
Window Blinds..  
Curtain Poles...  
Etc., Etc.....

**JNO. BELLAMY.**

OFFICIAL GUIDE WAGHORN'S GUIDE. 5c

## The Season Has : Started :

Great Scott!

Did you see that bird fall?.....  
"You bet!" "That's the longest shot I ever saw in my life." "That's nothing, I do that right along." "Well, what are you using?" "Why Robin Hood of course!" "Where do you get them?" "At J. A. Healey & Co.'s; they put up the finest shell I ever used." "What other kinds of powder do they keep and how do their prices compare?" "Just like all their other lines—away down for cash. Just listen and I will quote you a few of their prices:—

Robin Hood loaded shells, 12 gauge.....	per 100, \$2.40
Ely's London Loading, 10 ".....	2.60
Winchester Blue Rival, 10 ".....	2.60
Robin Hood powder, 16 oz. (this powder is equal to 1 1/2 lbs. of black powder).....	1.00
Manitoba Sporting coarse grain per lb.....	.75
DuPont's, P.G.....	.60
Curtis & Harvey's, T.P.....	.75
The famous Hayard.....	.60

We also have in stock a full line of shot, primers, caps, hunting coats, flasks and empty shells of every description. Guns for hire. Shells loaded to order on the shortest notice. Shooting parties will do well to call and inspect one of the most complete stocks of sporting goods ever seen in the West.

**J. A. HEALEY & CO.**  
PHOENIX SHAVING PARLOR

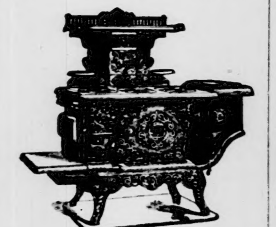


H. W. CARTER, - - PROP.

Sole agent for Dr. White's new hair grower. Will grow hair on any bald head on earth and cure all scalp diseases.

## Oxford : Stoves

.. RANGES ..



**FIFTEEN-TON CAR**

A 15-ton car of the above goods will arrive about Sept. 25th to be delivered. Most of the goods are already ordered, but while balance lasts customers will get the benefit of car rates. Order at once.

The Gurney Foundry Co. Ltd.  
Jno. Brass, Ag't., Moose Jaw, Assa.

## THIS WEEK

WE WOULD INVITE ..OUR..  
**CUSTOMERS**

TO THE FOLLOWING  
**New Lines Just Placed in Stock**

Eiderdown cloth, single or double fold, for children's jackets, at 50c, 60c and \$1.00 per yard. Ladies' Eiderdown dressing jackets, opera shades, very pretty, only \$1.75.

## UNDERWEAR.

Cold days make us think of it, but we are always ready for any emergency and can show a complete range of all kinds in children's and Misses' combinations, children's vests, ladies' combinations, three sizes. We are sole agents for the famous Health Brand Underwear, also Hygien, and handle none but the best the market produces. See ours before you buy. Also another consignment of ladies' wrappers, dark colors at \$1.15, \$2.65, \$2.75.

## YARNS.

Full stock of yarns. We have succeeded in getting a yarn equal to the Rapid City at the same price; also a good yarn to sell at 50c per lb. Call and see ours when you require any above lines. Goods and prices guaranteed right.

**Robinson & Hamilton.**

## Lumber : Yard

..AND..  
**PLANING MILL.**

Now for storm windows and doors, for which we are headquarters. Order now and be warm when winter comes. Give us a call if you want anything in the building line.

Boards \$16 per M and Upwards.

**B. Paper. Glass. Lime. Wood. F. Posts. Hardwood.**  
**Shafts. Poles. Single and Double Trees. Neckyokes. Spokes. Fellows.**

Chop, Wheat Meal, Graham Flour.

Please do not ask for Credit—we don't give it.  
**E. SIMPSON & CO.**  
P.S.—Folding bed for sale cheap.

**H. McDOUGALL**

Dealer in.....

**Lumber and Building... Material...**

Moose Jaw, 1st May, 1897  
WAGHORN'S GUIDE ON TRAINS AT BOOKSTORES 5c

## TOWN COUNCIL.

**Proceedings of the Regular Meeting of the City Aldermen on Monday Evening.**

The regular meeting of the town council was held in the clerk's office on Monday evening last. Mayor Bogue occupied the chair, and all the aldermen were present, excepting Mr. Emerson.

Mr. Seymour Green, secretary of the School Board, applied for \$1,000, being balance of amount due the Board for 1897. A communication was read from John A. Reid, Clerk of the North-West Executive, asking the Council to provide for the maintenance of John Campbell, a boy who was taken to the Medicine Hat Hospital in 1895.

The Edmonton town clerk wrote the forwarding of a resolution to the Dominion Government, in regard to the building of a road to the Yukon via Edmonton.

Coun. Hannah, Chairman of the Board of Works Committee, reported as follows:—(1) That the petition of Wm. Grayson and others, referred to the Board, has been duly considered. The site asked for the dam has been inspected by the chairman and Mr. J. W. Ferguson, one of the petitioners, and your committee would recommend that the request of the petitioners be granted, provided the dam is fitted with the necessary sluices to ensure the purity of the water. (2) We would also recommend that both the old culvert crossings on Main street at Manitoba street be cleaned and repaired to admit of the passage of water. (3) Also from Simington's corner across River street. (4) That a culvert be placed on River street between the English Church Vicarage and the residence of Mr. Geo. Tapley. (5) We would also recommend that the Council take steps to have the weeds cut on the streets and boulevards of the town, also to have all tins, waste paper and rubbish removed from streets and lanes. (6) There are other crossings in the town that need some repairs and we would ask that your honorable body would place at the disposal of the Board \$15.00. As the above repairs are urgently needed we would strongly recommend that they be proceeded with at once.

After the report was received the Mayor was obliged to leave, and Coun. Herrier was moved to the chair.

The report of the Board of Works was adopted, with a slight alteration in clauses 2 and 4. It was decided to build a new culvert on the west side of Main street, and the culvert on River street will be put in on the west side of 16th Avenue instead of being opposite the Vicarage.

Coun. Grayson introduced the by-law to confirm the rate of assessment, and it was put through the first and second readings.

In answer to Coun. Hannah's enquiries at last meeting, Coun. Herrier thought the present Inspector was attending to his duties in a reasonable manner. In regard to the band, the Council came to the conclusion that they were not in a position to control a band in a manner that would insure its success, as it would require voluntary service on behalf of the members thereof.

The clerk was instructed to reply to Mr. Walker's communication stating the inspectorship is not vacant at present.

The account of Wm. Herrier for \$2.50 for repairing brick sidewalk, and \$1.00 for piling stones was ordered to be paid.

The clerk was instructed to reply to Mr. J. A. Reid stating that Mr. T. Campbell, the father of the child referred to in his letter, is now living in Prince Albert, and that if he would communicate with him the child could be sent direct to his home.

The communication from Edmonton town clerk was filed.

The communication from the School Board was referred to the Finance Committee.

Coun. Hannah enquired if anything had been done by the Health Committee in regard to the sanitary conditions of the town, to which the chairman of Health and Relief Committee replied that he had given some attention to the matter.

Coun. Hannah also enquired why no dog or poll taxes had been paid to the Treasurer before Sept. 1st, as is shown by the Treasurer's statement of that date. The Inspector replied that he had paid some dog taxes on Sept. 1st, and in reference to poll tax he said that the people wanted the same time for paying poll tax as the ratepayers had to pay their taxes.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE AND BUSINESS 50c yb

## Lawn Tennis Tournament.

The executive committee of the Lawn Tennis Club are making preparations for the annual tournament for next week. It is not unlikely that some of the events may be held tomorrow. The prizes for the year are last year's cups and the President's prizes for this season. The President of last year (Dr. Turnbull) presented for ladies singles a silver trophy to be won in two successive years. Mrs. Franks holds it at present. Mr. Cressagh also has to fight for the club's cup won last year in the gentlemen's singles. President Fenwick offers two silver pins to be contested for in the mixed doubles (ladies and gentlemen). Some exciting games may be expected next week.

## R. T. of T. Open Meeting.

The open meeting given by Glen-corse Council, R. T. of T., in Russell Hall last Tuesday evening passed off very pleasantly, there being a large attendance. Speeches were delivered by the resident clergy, and the following programme of songs, recitations and instrumentals was well rendered:

Opening Ode, by the members; prayer, by the chaplain; Select Councilor's address; chorus, members; reading, brother Martin; reading, Mr. Nix; instrumental, brothers McTavish and Hawkins; vocal duet, brother and sister Keyes; speech, Mr. Watson; remarks, Mr. Sweet; vocal solo, sister Battell; reading, sister Barber; instrumental, sister Wilson and brother Hawkins; recitation, Mr. Nix; chorus, members; God Save the Queen.

The Council does not intend to let this be the only entertainment of this kind, as they purpose giving a series of concerts during the coming season.

## A Trip to Wood Mountain.

Mr. G. F. Guernsey, of Qu'Appelle, recently made an overland trip to Wood Mountain by way of the Qu'Appelle Valley, Lumsden, Moose Jaw and Old Wives Lake, returning via Regina, has handed the Qu'Appelle Progress some interesting notes of his visit.

An extraordinary quantity of hay is stacked in the valley west of the lakes and the crops around Lumsden are good. Nearing Moose Jaw the effects of the want of rain were apparent though Messrs. Mutch Bros. had a splendid crop on some 600 acres, and their surroundings show that they have been most successful in their farming operations. Numerous antelope were seen between Moose Jaw and Wood Mountain and a great many are being slaughtered by the band of Sioux Indians who make this district their camping ground. The ranchers at Wood Mountain are all doing well, the feed and water being excellent. Considerable loss has been suffered this year in colts and calves owing to the depredation of some unknown monster locally supposed to be a mountain lion. The halfbreed settlement at Willow Bunch is prospering well, and the cheese factory is well patronized. The people there are anxiously awaiting the return of Father Gagnon, to whom they are much attached. Protestant denominations leave the Wood Mountain district severely alone, no minister ever having visited it, and the deprivation of religious services is much felt by the people. Cattle from the States are continually coming over the border and have to be driven back by the N.W.M.P. The settlers think more severe measures should be taken to keep them out, and also to prevent the destruction of the antelope. On the return trip the horse ranch of Messrs. Mowat, about 40 miles from Regina, calls for note, it and an adjoining sheep ranch being well situated and doing well. The last twenty-five miles into Regina is probably the longest absolutely straight piece of graded road in the Territories, and is perhaps a little monotonous.

In an interview, Mr. Wm. Ogilvie, who knows the Klondyke better than any other living person, says his experience teaches him that "the man who stays at home and plods on the farm, or in the shop or office, is in a vast majority of cases better off than the every day plodder of the Klondyke. A handful of farmers in Manitoba have stayed at home this year and plodded on in a quiet, easy way, with the result that in cleaning up they will have for this year's operations about fifteen millions in gold for what alone. That beats the Klondyke out of sight in actual output, while there is no comparison as to comfort.







While there can be very little doubt that the trouble the English Government is experiencing in India with its Mussulman subjects is the work of agitators deriving their inspiration from the neighborhood of the Bosphorus, there is no reason to believe that they would have met even the partial success they have but for the plague and the famine. The Sultan has before this made efforts to stir up sedition among the Mussulmans of India, but without success to different parts of India, to preach and propagate disaffection to English rule, but they were promptly recalled after Mr. Goschen, who had been sent to Constantinople by the Government of Mr. Gladstone as High Commissioner, had notified the Sultan of his knowledge of the facts and the games of the emissaries, and had threatened extreme measures. The Sultan trembled long and moodily over the contents of the submission of the Mussulmans of India to foreign domination, and on more than one occasion, confided his reflections on the subject to persons in his confidence. One of these persons put them on record in a diary, and one day the volume of the diary containing them was stolen, and report said, found its way to an interested embassy.

What troubled the Sultan most was the contrast between the material condition of the Mussulmans from India and those under his own rule who met during the pilgrimage to Mecca. It became a topic of conversation in the palace of public conversation in the returned pilgrims, and the ubiquitous eavesdropper carried the reports to those who conveyed them to the Sultan. During the Egyptian campaign of 1882 when a large contingent of the Indian army, mainly composed of Mussulmans, was sent to fight the Egyptian nationalists under Arabi, an attempt was made to rouse religious sympathy among the Indians, but ineffectually. No symptom of active disaffection showed itself among them.

It is very likely that the intrigues now on foot in India would have had little success but for the violence done to Mussulman and Hindoo religions and social prejudice by the invasion of domicile by order of the sanitary authorities. This afforded material and opportunity to the agitators to agitate, and in certain localities they appear to have met with success. It is to be remarked, however, that so far, the active disaffection has shown itself only in those localities where it might most naturally be looked for, and in the neighborhood of the two seaport cities of Bombay and Calcutta, and at Peshawar, close to the Afghan frontier, all within easy reach of outside influence. Although disturbances are reported at Simla, there is as yet no indication of anything like an organized general insurrection as in 1857, probably due to the population being unarmored and to the vigorous execution of the Arms acts. All the same, the position is one calling for great vigilance on the part of the English authorities in India, and cannot but be the source of considerable anxiety to the Government in London with so many troublesome complications to be considered nearer home.

The total European population of India, including English troops, is under one hundred thousand, scattered throughout a native population of about 257,000,000. Fortunately for the dominant race, the native population is homogeneous neither in race nor religion, and as yet the national spirit has not sufficiently developed to bring Brahmins, Mussulmans, and Buddhists into accord against their conqueror. At the same time the Indian authorities have not neglected preparations against possible revolt, and places of refuge have been crowded at numerous points throughout the country to which Europeans in the interior can resort at the first sign of danger. Some dependence is also placed on succor from the Suez Canal route. On the whole, the prospect that the Sultan's influence can stir up a general revolt against English rule in India, unless it is supported by some visible, tangible, demonstration of force on the Indian frontier, is remote. The mobilization of the Afghan army and its concentration toward Peshawar and Candahar would afford the required support to a Mussulman rising in Northwestern India, but the Amer is most unlikely to give the British Government a pretext for reducing him and his country to vassalage, unless in his turn he be backed up materially by power nearer Kabul than Constantinople. The Sultan, therefore, may be taking no more for his trouble in instigating the Mussulmans of India to revolt against English rule than to make the Government in London more resolute than ever to diminish his prestige and strip him of what power and influence remain to him. The only thing that would make the crisis in India really dangerous for England would be that some powerful European Government or alliance be behind the Sultan. Of that there is, so far, no trace.

## EXPLAINED IT.

Proprietor of Restaurant—I shall give you in charge. You come in here and eat and drink the best of everything, and then tell me you have no money. How is that?

Customer—Well, you see, I had to tip the waiter.

## AGRICULTURAL

## BUTTER MAKING ON THE FARM.

As a matter of course, everyone who keeps cows for the purpose of making butter, is desirous of making an article that will bring the best price possible, and of making the greatest amount of butter possible out of the milk produced, writes C. P. Goodrich. When the milk is delivered to a creamery it is usually manufactured by those who have been well instructed in the art of butter making, and the result is that, as a rule, a fairly good article is made. Besides this, the creamery is equipped with appliances which enable its butter maker to obtain very nearly all the butter contained in the milk; and by his knowledge of what the general butter market demands, he is able to produce an article which is readily sold. But the case is different with those who make butter on farms, where by far the greater part of the butter in this country is made. While on some farms excellent work is done and a choice article is made which brings a fancy price, yet through ignorance of correct methods of manufacture, and of the demands of the market, and, in many instances, through careless and slovenly habits, the great bulk of farm made butter fails to bring the price it should, entailing a loss on the farmers of the country which is enormous in the aggregate. It is for the benefit of the latter class that this article is written, with the hope that some suggestions may be given, and some ideas advanced, which will serve to improve the methods of the dairyman and increase his profits.

**Good Milk.**—To make good butter one must have good milk, and this can only come from healthy cows, fed on good, sweet pasture, or on good, sweet grain, and other forage and which have pure water to drink and pure air to breathe. Certain obnoxious weeds—leeks, wild onions, rag-weed and others—give the milk and the butter made from it a decidedly bad flavor; so also does damaged, rotten silage, moldy corn fodder or hay, and musty, damaged grain. Impure water has its effect, both in the health of the animals and on the quality of the milk. In many pastures are seen small pools in which the cows stand during the heat of the day to rid themselves of flies. The water in these becomes filthy and is kept stirred up by the movements of the cattle, and where, as is often the case, it is the only water obtainable, the cows are compelled to drink it. This can be usually avoided by fencing the pond and keeping the cattle out. If this water is needed for the cattle it can be drawn out by a pipe, laid on the lower side into a trough from which the cows can drink. In a close, crowded, and filthy little air space for each animal, the air becomes foul from exhalations, and this affects the milk as well as the health of the animals. The remedy in this case is to provide more room for the stock and better ventilation. The stable should be kept as clean as possible and the cows well bedded and clean. The utmost cleanliness should be observed in milking. All dirt should be brushed from the cow before beginning to milk, and it is best to dampen the udder and flank of the cow, so as to prevent the dust and fine dirt, from falling into the milk. The milk should be strained immediately after milking and not allowed to stand in the cow stable any longer than is absolutely necessary. A good strainer is indispensable, and one of cloth is much better than one of wire. The strainer should always be made of tin, and the seams should be soldered smooth, so that there will be no places for the dirt to lodge which it will be difficult to remove. They, as well as all other dairy utensils, should be thoroughly scalded with boiling water or steam. They should then be dried in fresh air, and if possible, in the sunlight. They will not need wiping after the scalding, as the heat from the boiling water will cause them to dry quickly. If it will cook the milk on the tin and make it difficult to remove. In cleaning the butter bowl, ladle, worker, churn, and other dairy utensils, they should be first washed with hot water, then scalded with boiling water or steam. They should be aired, but it will not do to have them much exposed to the sun, as this will cause warping and cracking.

**Creaming the Milk.**—When good clean milk has been secured, the next operation is to separate the cream from the milk. This is done by the use of a cream separator, or by the use of our mothers and our grandmothers, was to set the milk in shallow pans with the milk not more than two inches deep. The pans were then placed in a cool place, and this has been through all the successive stages of dairy methods. First, we used to set our milk in common ten-quart pans on shelves; then we had it arranged so that in hot weather cold water flowed around the pans to keep the milk cool. After that, large shallow pans were used, each one large enough to hold a single milk of the entire herd of twenty-five or thirty cows. Under these pans were water channels, through which in warm weather cold water was run, and in winter warm water to regulate the temperature of the milk. Then the deep cold-setting was used in both "shot-gun" cans and cooling tanks for the family. For the five years, the farm separator has been used. It is undoubtedly true that by the old method of shallow setting as good a quality of butter was made, and can yet be made, as is produced by any other method, but it has its drawbacks. Uniformly good results cannot be obtained, for the reason that the milk, being spread out in a thin sheet, is exposed to atmospheric changes. Whatever may be the reason, very bad effects often follow an electric storm, or a thunder shower. The shallow pans make more work than other methods, the creaming is not so thorough as with the separator, and, therefore, the quantity of butter is less. As there are many persons who think they are so situated as to make any other method impracticable, or who have such a deep-seated prejudice in favor of the old way that they cannot be induced to change, it is thought advisable to give directions as to the best manner of proceeding.

ing as determined by the result of long years of practical experience, although the method used is not recommended. Milk should be set as soon as possible after being drawn from the cow, whether shallow or deep setting is used. With open setting, it must be in a room where the air is pure, and there must be a door opening into the kitchen as a bad place. The odor from cooking vegetables and meat will surely injure the milk. Many make butter in a cellar because it is cool, but it is apt to impart a musty, moldy smell to the butter. A cellar may be good and cool, and yet be so ventilated as to have pure air; then it is all right for butter making. To get the best results with shallow setting, the temperature of the milk should not go much above 60 degrees Fahrenheit. At that temperature it can usually stand about thirty hours. The time to skim is when the milk has soured just enough to be a little thick at the bottom of the pans and to thicken the cream. The cream cannot be skimmed off when it is thin and set without loss. No milk should be taken very rapidly from the cow with milk in it sour much more rapidly than cream with no milk in it. This cream will be very rich and thick, and, although partially ripened, when taken off, is kept at a temperature of 60 degrees or below, it will be all right if held two or three days before churning. The cream is then skimmed off and put into the cream jar or down near the bottom of the churn, and the whole should be thoroughly stirred and mixed. In the winter effective creaming may be done in the room in which the milk is set by raising the thermometer to a freezing point. This is accomplished by heating the milk to above 100 degrees Fahrenheit before setting. The cream will rise very rapidly, and when the temperature is falling, the warming can be repeated after twelve hours, if the milk is in small pans, by setting over a fire, or by boiling water. If large pans are used, some have been known to heat the heating is done by running hot water through the water channels beneath the milk. This practice of repeated heating and cooling makes very effective creaming, leaving but little butter-fat in the skim milk, and the cream is rich and thick.

## SWEETNESS FROM FLOWERS.

Development of a Process to Gather It as the Plant Grows.

It is now possible for us to have the genuine extract of the perfume of any sort of flower we desire. Nature and science are combined to bring about this result. The idea is a simple one, and all hinges on the old time method of condensation, a method which has given more to the world than almost any other of science.

The plan devised to collect the odor of flowers is a product of the brain of Captain Smece. The results are gained by taking a glass funnel—any one will do—and over a spirit lamp setting the glass head until it is possible to draw the steam of the funnel to a fine point—that is to pull it out, to extend it until the proportion desired is gained.

This accomplished, the funnel should be filled with ice and then placed upon a retort stand. It is absolutely necessary that the pointed end should then be placed in a small glass bottle, but not one that will be so easily broken as to touch the bottle itself. After this has been done the stand and the funnel as arranged should be placed in a greenhouse right among the flowers whose odor is to be collected. Now comes the scientific feature of the plan, the feature which brings success—condensation. It is a well-known fact, that in every greenhouse a vapor rises from the flowers. If you happen to be in a greenhouse and the portion you are in is occupied by flowers with strong perfume, just inhale the odor that comes from the flowers, and you will find the sun's rays pass. You will notice that upon the glass there is a fine dew, and this is the vapor which is condensed upon a chilly morning when you breathe upon it. This vapor has about it an odor, as distinct as the flowers themselves. It is here happens to be the case with flowers, that the odor of the flowers, the combination of odors is an old one. As a matter of fact, the idea for some of the most popular perfumes of the world has been gained in exactly this fashion.

The apparatus described is placed upon the retort stand in the center of a group of flowers, and the vapor is desired to secure. Gradually the vapor rises from the flowers, and in meeting the colder surface of the funnel condenses into drops upon the outside of the funnel. From the point of condensation it trickles down until it drops into the bottle. In a surprisingly short time a large amount of perfume is collected, and the process proves that ninety per cent. of the contents of the bottle is perfume. The rest is water.

In change to say, this essence of the flowers is to be adulterated with sprays of wine. Otherwise it would become sour and useless.

## A WONDERFUL OPERATION.

"I suppose I performed the greatest surgical operation of the age," remarked the youngest doctor in the crowd that had been swarming experiences. "I was taking a run through British Columbia on my bicycle, when I was asked to attend a young Indian, whose stomach had been pierced by a rival's knife. I had no surgical appliances, but I fixed up the cut so that the fellow was around the next day and is strong and healthy now."

"How did you do it?" asked all in a breath.

"Well, the Indians had slaughtered a beef that day. I picked out a nice, thin piece of tripe, tied a string to it, covered it with tire cement, shoved it through the wound, and pulled it into place just as if I were mending a puncture in my tire. It was the greatest."

But the crowd had melted away.

## LARGEST OF LIBRARIES.

The greatest library in the world is the National Library of France, founded by Louis XIV., which contains, 1,400,000 books, 300,000 pamphlets, 175,000 manuscripts, 300,000 maps and charts, 150,000 coins and gold medals, 1,300,000 engravings, and 100,000 portraits.

## HER FIRST ATTEMPT.

Why, Harry dear, I have discharged the cook and sent every thing to the store. We don't have to pay her \$5 a week. I cannot see how we can economize any more.

Perhaps we can test her back.

## About the House.

## LAUNDRY HINTS.

When you wash, put the little things, such as handkerchiefs, cuffs and collars, in a pillowcase when they can be rubbed clean, boiled and rinsed as though they were one article, and thus save much time. Put the napkins and doilies in another case.

Good starch is necessary if you wish your clothes to look well. To make it, mix half a cupful of lump starch in a cupful of cold water, stirring until smooth. Pour on one cup of boiling water to make it the consistency of molasses. Cook until clear, and it is ready to use. The addition of gum Arabic water is an improvement, when there are thin summer dresses to be starched. Put two ounces of gum Arabic in a pint of water, and let it stand until it is all dissolved. Add two or three table-spoonsful of the starch; it will make it glossy, and the clothes will retain their stiffness longer than they would without it.

During the summer months, there are always daintily colored lawns, dimities and muslins that require careful washing if you wish them to retain their beauty. The model housekeeper never intrusts these things entirely to her help at home or a laundress abroad, but either does the washing and ironing herself, or has it done under her personal direction. If the following method is adopted, the garments will come forth from the cleansing process clean and unadorned. Heat a quantity of soft water until it is lukewarm—hot water is likely to injure the color. Dissolve enough ivory soap in the water to make a good suds, put the dresses in it, wash until clean, then rinse in clear water. Have ready a large pan filled with thin starch prepared as already described, and tinted with a little blue. Put the dresses in the starch, rubbing it into all parts alike, wring them out, and hang them in the shade to dry. They must be hung as rapidly as possible until the entire process is completed, never allowing them to remain in the water any longer than necessary. Black lawn, saten, or other goods of that kind are washed in the same way, except that the starch and rinse water should be deeply blue. All starched articles should be removed from the line as soon as they are dry, or the wind and air will make them limp again.

Fruit stains can be removed from white goods by pouring boiling water over them while they are fresh. If they have been washed into the goods, soak them in sour milk a day or two, then rub them between the hands in the liquid.

Keep a clean whisk broom to sprinkle clothes with. Dip this in water, shake the greater weight of the water off, and scatter light shavings of soap over the clothes more evenly than you can by hand.

## MILKWEED PODS.

The down of milkweed pods may be utilized in many ways, especially in fancy work. Those who are fortunate enough to live in the country when these pods are ripening should gather it by the bagful if they value pretty things. The pods will soon be ripe, so provide yourself with a quantity of this soft down, and next Christmas you will be glad you have it.

Put some of it free from the little flat seeds which are always attached. This is easily done when they are very dry. Fill pillow covers with the down sew up carefully and you will have the lightest and daintiest sofa pillow imaginable, and what could be cheaper? The loveliest headrests are also made from milkweed. Round, square or oblong, it makes no difference, headrests are comfortable in the great wooden or rattan rockers. Cushions, too, are always rosy looking. With the aid of silk, satin and ribbon the loveliest of Christmas and birthday presents can be fashioned in the shape of pillows, cushions and headrests. The softest of fur quilts are filled with this down. Made of dainty cream, blue or pink cheese-cloth or silk, and knotted or stitched to keep the down in place, it would be the sweetest of gifts for a tiny baby or its mother. Sachet bags or pads scented with some delicate sachet powder and filled with milkweed down are always dainty gifts. Made of pretty silk or satin, sometimes decorated with painting or embroidery and sometimes faced with the loveliest of ribbons, they are a handkerchief box or in the trunk among the clothes.

A dainty ornament can be made with milkweed and silk tulle. The seed should be left on the milkweed until for this purpose. Make a bag of the tulle measuring about six inches wide and sixteen long, make an opening in the middle of one side and pull it over the middle of the down and finish with a pretty bow. Sew four little plush balls, or tassels, the color of the ribbon, to each end of the bag, or, as it appears now, two bags. The tulle should be white, and the delicate, cloud-like down flecked with deep brown seeks looks so pretty through this filmy material. Hung over a chair corner or on a picture frame, it is very pretty. One lives where there are pines, pine-needle pillows may be had in profusion. They retain their pungent and refreshing odor for years. Make small pillows and cover with linen, denim or silk; fill with long pine needles and fine twigs, and when kept in a warm room they will scent the whole place. 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# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

## THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

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Our Job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ—  
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1897.

### POST OFFICE REFORMS.

The Toronto World (Conservative) has this to say of Hon. Mr. Mulock's economical administration of the post office department:

"We think the country will be well pleased with Mr. Mulock's policy of placing the post office department on a strictly business basis. His retirement of numerous inspectors and clerks appears to have been amply justified. The post office department seems to have been a favorite dumping ground for office claimants and political hacks. Now that Mr. Mulock has got through his destructive work it is to be hoped he will devote his attention to improving the service and introducing some reforms that are badly needed. If he examines into the English and United States systems he will find many improvements that might advantageously be introduced into Canada. It is about time, for instance, that the letter rate was reduced to two cents. The two cent rate in the United States has had the effect of increasing the revenue and the Postmaster General recently said that the department would lose nothing if a universal one cent rate were adopted. The United States post office department has recently been conducted at a loss, it is true, but the loss is traceable, not to the carriage of letters, but to the practice of using the mails for conveying millions of tons of books, papers and periodicals, which partakes rather of the nature of freight than of mail matter. We think if the Minister investigates this question he will reach the conclusion that a two cent letter rate in Canada would pay. Another reform that should be introduced into Canada is the post office parcel system that prevails in Great Britain. There are certain kinds of business that would be wonderfully stimulated if the English system were in force in Canada. The express companies will not handle small parcels for less than 25 cents each. The post office rate for parcels is too high except for very light articles. In Great Britain a pound parcel is delivered for 3d, and three pounds for 6d, to any part of the United Kingdom. Parcels up to 11 pounds are handled by the British post office. The adoption of the British system by Canada would afford much-needed relief against the express monopoly that prevails throughout the country. Especially beneficial would a cheap parcel service be for the people of Manitoba and the distant provinces. Furthermore, the British system would pay if introduced into Canada."

### A ROYAL VISIT TO CANADA.

Commenting upon the report that the Duke and Duchess of York have accepted the invitation of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Premier of Canada, to pay the Dominion a state visit next spring, on their way to Australia, the Montreal Witness says that there can be no doubt that they will receive a royal welcome on landing in Canada, and their journey across the continent will be a royal progress. If Canada can possibly treat them more royally than Great Britain treated Canada's Premier, she will endeavor to do so. There never was a time of such pride in the Empire as at present, and the people of Greater Britain are as anxious to display it as

the people of the mother country. The visit of their Royal Highnesses will be regarded as one to which homage to the throne is invited on the part of Australia and Canada, and these great dominions will yield it right royally and gladly. The Duke has always been held in high regard for his unassuming, manly character. When in Canada before as a young sailor, he was entertained as a prince seeking pleasure on a holiday off from work on board ship, and our games were relied upon to amuse him. Next year as the heir of the throne, seeking knowledge of the Empire he will some day reign over, he will meet all our statesmen and dignitaries and be made acquainted with the resources of the Dominion and aspirations of its people. The Duchess of York, who is an English princess, born and bred in England, has made herself one of the most popular of the members of the royal family since her marriage. Canadians will joyfully greet their future queen, the first to visit Canada.

### WILL MAKE GOOD CITIZENS.

The Saltcoats Assinibionian says: Opposition has been made by newspapers and others to the importation of so many Galician immigrants to this country. A good many of these people have settled in Saltcoats and Yorkton districts, and up to the present we have heard no complaints regarding them. They appear to be well satisfied with their new home, and after they have become accustomed to the country no doubt they will make good settlers. The best authority on the subject of Galician immigration is Prof. Oleskow, who, in reference to some adverse comment, says:—"Don't mind the unpromising appearance of the people; one should exercise some indulgence toward the nation who, living at the gate of Europe, stopped, during many centuries, with their bones and blood, the sway of Asiatic barbarians, Tartars, Mongolians and Turks, who menaced European civilization. But it is a matter of fact the people are very susceptible of higher culture; and not the worst of all for Canada is the circumstance that this nation, unlike the Germans, French, etc., has no political existence, and will therefore very soon become truly 'Canadian.' They are all, without exception, agriculturalists; they bring to Canada skill in and love for farm work. Canada can endow them with soil; there is only capital wanted to make of them contented settlers."

### THE WORLD'S WHEAT CROP.

The world's wheat crop for this year is short. The crop for this continent, however, is much above the average. It is computed that the crop in North America for 1897 is about 100,000,000 bushels greater than for 1896. This means that perhaps for the first time in history the American wheat crop will play a big part in fixing the price. There is another consideration too that should give some encouragement to the American wheat grower. For some years he has been having a hard time of it. While about his only market was England, he had to meet there a tremendous new competition from Russia, Argentina, Northern India, and elsewhere. Asiatic countries were not his customers at all. Things are now changing. Both China and Japan are beginning to buy wheat flour from America. It is estimated that last year (July '96 to June '97) flour equivalent to 4,500,000 bushels of wheat was purchased by those countries from this continent, and this trade is just in its beginning. The taste for good bread, when once it has been formed, is one that never dies out. China and Japan will be as good customers as England for American flour before another quarter of a century has elapsed.

### LAURIER DIDN'T CATCH IT.

Canadians who were brought into contact with Sir Wilfrid Laurier in London bear witness to his escape from a coming disease which afflicts so many eminent and obscure representatives of the Dominion who go to London on official business. Sir Wilfrid's escape from the infirmity of his head was all the more remarkable because Canadians in London seem to be particularly liable to that ailment. The germs of the disease must have been in the air, or some perfect little gentleman in the retinue of Sir Wilfrid would not have been conspicuously afflicted with concert and vanity. Sir Wilfrid Laurier

## R. BOGUE.

A Large Assortment of Stoves. A Complete Line of Boots & Shoes.

### New Dry Goods

Call and enquire prices of Sporting Goods before paying high prices at other stores.

My Prices on all Lines will be found Away Down.

## R. Bogue.

was the centre and object of an enthusiasm which did not turn his head or necessitate any increase in the size of his hats. Going to glory in London and returning in triumph to Canada without becoming puffed up and vain in the experience, is one of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's achievements in which Canadians, regardless of party, can afford to delight.—Toronto Telegram.

The Toronto Saturday Night, in a recent issue, said: "The bare bones of the John Eaton Company, Limited, disclose, on examination, a fact that is worth more to the business world than all that was lost by the fire and the failure, and that is this: A department store, with its slap dash methods, may make or lose a fortune in a year, but to be solvent while facing the hazards that confront it, it must, notwithstanding the starvation wages paid, and all the boasted economy that comes from concentration, make a larger percentage of profit on the volume of business done than is made by the ordinary store. It must prosper at the public expense or smash to the wholesalers' loss. The cost of management, the reaping of blunders, and the keeping up by various devices a daily fever of excitement, exceeded by perhaps one hundred per cent. all that is saved by concentration. This truth is the gem that comes from the crucible. The world is bigger than any person in it, and the value of merchandise is regulated by laws and influences that no man can defy. If a store gives real bargains it soon ends in the hands of an assignee; if it remains solvent its profits are raked in every night and its bargains are not real. A department store is run under exceptional expense and if it prospers its profits are excessive, if, however prices and values may be shuffled to deceive purchasers."

"There is not a little dissatisfaction," says the Commercial, "in the produce trade regarding the handling of the product of the Government creameries. Produce dealers say they are pleased to see the government do everything possible to encourage the dairying industry in the country, but they think that the government should not under take to do a jobbing trade in the products of the dairy factories. Recently a circular was issued offering to dispose of Government creamery butter in ton lots, to any purchasers. This brought the Government into direct competition with the wholesale produce dealers and country merchants, who have round lots of butter to dispose of. If the Government would arrange to dispose of the products of the factories through regular produce dealers, or in car lot quantities to wholesale dealers, it would cause less of a disturbing influence in the trade. Another plan would be to export it in large lots. Placing the butter on the limited local market in small lots brings the Government into undesirable competition with local merchants and private factories."

The Edmonton Bulletin points out that to-day the Government "is paying as much to the Indian packers of police and Government official supplies across the Chilcot Pass as would cut a horse and cattle trail all the way from Edmonton to the Klondyke, and make Canada independent of the United States in the matter of the transport at least of its troops and Government officials."

A movement is said to be about to be started so that the demand for binder twine will be supplied from local sources. The Galicians are expert workers in linen, and as flax can be satisfactorily grown in this country they will probably be provided with seed next season, and the binder twine question will be solved as far as this country is concerned. They do not require the expensive machinery that factories do, and as they labor for a small remuneration, the price will be lower than that asked for eastern twine. At first, only the local demand will be catered to, but later on, there is no reason why the North-West should not obtain its supply within its own borders.—Saltcoats Siftings.

The big advance in wheat has not been received with rejoicing everywhere. In France the increased cost of bread stirred up an agitation among those excitable people, which for a time threatened the existence of the government, and has only been relapsed by the remarkable outburst of excitement and jubilation in that country over the reported alliance with Russia. Thousands of striking miners in the United States also bewail the increased cost of bread. The saying "It's an ill wind which blows nobody good," seems to have its counterpart.

A new harvesting machine, which reaps and threshes at one operation, is reported from the east. It does not seem likely that such a machine could come into general operation in Manitoba, except in exceptionally warm and dry seasons. As a rule, grain is too soft and green to be threshed at the time it is cut here, and it is only fit to thresh after standing for some time in the shock. In a southerly climate, or where grain is cut dead ripe, the machine might be useful.—Ex.

Farming has taken another forward step, and will hereafter be published as a weekly. Its name denotes its identification with the whole agricultural industry which furnishes employment for seven tenths of the people of this country. Farming is an excellent journal which every enterprising farmer should read.

A bushel of corn makes four gallons of whiskey. It retails for \$16. The Government gets \$3.60, the railroad gets \$1.00, the manufacturer gets \$4.00, the vendor gets \$7.00, the farmer gets 40 cents, and the drinker gets the D. T's. How do you like its production?

The movement in favor of the amalgamation of small local agricultural exhibitions is spreading. The Yorkton Enterprise proposes the union of the Yorkton, Saltcoats and Kinbrae societies and the union of Wolseley, Grenfell, and Broadview has also been mooted.—Vidette.

10,652 murders in the United States last year, while in England and Wales the Registrar General's report shows that there were only 163 murders year before last.

### Those Worrying Piles.

One application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment will give you comfort. Applied every night for three to six nights and a cure is effected in the most stubborn cases of blind, bleeding or itching piles. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures eczema and all itching and burning diseases. It acts like magic. 36 cents. Sold by W. W. Bole.

### A COMING EVENT.

The Johnson Smiley Combination Coming to Moose Jaw.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church have made arrangements for the appearance of the Johnson Smiley combination, who are this season touring England, America and Australia, on Thursday, September 23rd, in the town hall. In introducing this company of entertainers, Rev. J. B. Tuttle, pastor of the First Baptist Church, Muncie, Ind., writes the following which we reproduce for the benefit of our readers:

"Only those accustomed to read the literary magazines have any knowledge of the nature and merit of the entertainment to be given in the Baptist church, April 30th. Mr. Smiley has been so prominently before the public, both in this country and Europe, that he needs no introduction from me. There are a few persons who possess the talent of impersonation which enables them to represent different characters with marvellous accuracy. Mr. Smiley possesses that rare gift in song, which enables him to present all the parts, from the sweetest soprano or tenor to the deepest baritone. Some of his songs are in the nature of colloquies and dialogues in which his talent as a musical impersonator is really marvellous. And this is the real secret of his wonderful popularity. But it is of Miss Johnson that I wish to speak more particularly. She was born and reared among the 'Six Nations' in Canada, daughter of one of the principal chiefs. During my residence in the Dominion I frequently visited the Indian reservation in an official capacity, and on special occasions addressed the 'tribes,' when Chief Johnson acted as my interpreter. During these visits I enjoyed the Chief's generous hospitality. At this time, Pauline, who has since become so famous in the literary world, was a little girl whom I remember on account of her beautiful black eyes, and her lady like deportment in the home. The Canadian Government furnish these tribes excellent literary advantages, and this Indian girl made the most of her opportunity. Her first appearance in public was at the dedication of Old Chief Brant's monument in Brantford, Ontario, where she recited an original poem of such rare merit as to lift her from the obscurity of the 'wigwam' and start her on the road to international fame. Her volume of published poems has run the gauntlet of criticism and won for its author universal praise. Miss Johnson is the only woman in the world who appears before the public in the rendition of her own productions. Last year when she went abroad she took letters from the Governor General of Canada, and many other distinguished Canadians, to English friends. She recited, wearing her Indian costume, in all the great London houses and in other cities, and her journey was in the nature of a constant ovation."



If life is worth having it is worth taking care of. Recklessness does not pay, either in our work or our pleasure. When people read of a young man who has been killed while performing some reckless feat on a toboggan or at some other hazardous sport, their sympathy is mixed with surprise that any human being should thus carelessly risk life. There are thousands of men who go recklessly risking their lives while they are about their common every-day avocations. They over-work, they do not take sufficient time from business or labor to eat or sleep or rest, or to care for their health. Outraged nature throws out danger signals, to which they pay no heed. They suffer from bilious or nervous disorders, from sick headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, cold chills, flushings of heat, shortness of breath, blotches on the skin, loss of appetite, uncomfortable sensations in the stomach after meals, loss of sleep, lassitude and trembling sensations. These are the advance symptoms of serious and fatal maladies.

All disorders of this nature are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It restores the lost appetite, gives sound and refreshing sleep, makes the digestion perfect, the liver active. It purifies the blood and makes it rich with the life-giving elements of the food. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It makes the body active and the brain keen. It is the best of nerve-tonics. Thousands have testified to its merits. No honest dealer will urge upon you a substitute for the little extra profit it may afford. The man or woman who neglects constipation is gathering in the system a store of disorders that will culminate in some serious and possibly fatal malady. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a safe, sure, speedy and permanent cure for constipation. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic.

## "D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthon Plaster in a number of cases of rheumatism and neuralgia, and have found it very much pleased with the results. It is a very valuable remedy. —W. L. CARTER, M.D., Boston.

I have used Menthon Plaster in several cases of rheumatism, and find it very effective. It is a very valuable remedy. —W. L. CARTER, M.D., Boston.

It cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in the back or side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 1/6. D. & L. Lawrence Co., Ltd., 23c. Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

WAGNOR'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL AND BUSINESS 50c. yd)

# THE TIMES

An 8-page, 6-col. Newspaper devoted to the interests of Moose Jaw and District.

Subscription \$1.50 per Year.

## A Live Weekly

ALWAYS BRIGHT AND NEWSY.

A constantly increasing circulation in the Moose Jaw District and throughout the vast North-West Territories....

## BEST ADVERTISING .. MEDIUM ..

For Local, General or Foreign Advertisers.

"The Times" is for the people and the people are with "The Times."

## JOB PRINTING.

OUR JOB OFFICE is well equipped with all the necessary material for turning out first class work, and if you are in need of any of the following, we respectfully solicit your order and guarantee good work at reasonable prices.....

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Envelopes. Business Cards, Bills of Fare, Meal Tickets, Invitations, Circulars.

Shipping Tags, Show Cards, Programmes, Note Forms, Pamphlets.

Receipt Forms, Funeral Cards, Visiting Cards, Legal Blanks, Catalogues.

Memorial Cards, Order Blanks, Lodge Work, Dodgers & Posters.

Mail Orders Promptly Executed.

## THE TIMES PRINTING COMPANY.

Thos. Miller, Manager.



**Church Directory.**  
**BAPTIST CHURCH.**  
Pastor—Rev. H. C. Sweet.  
Services—Sunday, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; B. Y. P. U. Mon-  
day evening at 8 o'clock; Prayer meeting  
Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.  
All are cordially invited.  
**PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**  
Pastor—Rev. J. C. Cameron, B.A.  
Services—Sunday 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.;  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; Monday, Y.P.S.  
C.E. at 8:00; Wednesday, Prayer Meeting,  
8:00.  
Everybody welcome.  
**METHODIST CHURCH.**  
Pastor—Rev. T. Ferrier.  
Weekly Services—Sunday, preaching 11  
a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday School 2:30 p.m.;  
E. L. C. E. on Sunday evening at 8 p.m.;  
Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8  
o'clock.  
The public are cordially invited. All  
seats free.  
**CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.**  
(ANGELICAN.)  
Vicar—Rev. Wm. Watson.  
Sunday Services: Holy Eucharist every  
Sunday at 8 a.m., monthly and on Festivals  
after Matins at 11 o'clock. Sunday School  
and Adult Classes at 2:30. Evening and  
sermon at 7. Special services during Ad-  
vent and Lent on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.  
All seats free. All persons invited and  
welcome. Books provided.

**A POWERFUL LOCOMOTIVE.**  
**A Leviathan Added to the C. P. R.**  
**Western Division Equipment.**

There has been recently added to the  
equipment of the locomotive department  
of the C. P. R. western division an  
"automatic compound" engine, which  
in its general construction embraces all  
the features of the highest class modern  
locomotive. This leviathan, known as  
No. 196, is the second of its class in  
use on the company's system, and was  
built from the design of Mr. Atkinson  
in the C. P. R. shops at Montreal. One  
of the principal features in its con-  
struction is the use of the high and low  
pressure cylinders, they being of 19 in.  
and 29 in. diameter, respectively,  
which can be used independently at any  
time. In starting the engine the  
smaller or high pressure cylinder is  
brought into use, but when the train is  
fairly started both cylinders are used,  
the combination thus creating a draw-  
ing capacity which exceeds that of the  
most powerful mogul engine in the  
company's service. Fifty laden cars  
can be drawn in ordinary, and this  
large number may be exceeded under  
favorable conditions. Among other  
advantages gained by the high and low  
pressure cylinders is the utilization of  
the exhaust steam, which passes  
through the smaller cylinder to the  
larger one. The steam pressure is 200  
pounds, this being greatly in excess of  
the ordinary pressure. The engine has  
ten wheels but is technically known as  
a six wheel coupler. Another feature  
of its construction is the "Belpaire"  
fire box, the arrangement of which  
conduces to a considerable saving of  
fuel. Two steam domes are placed on  
the engine, the large one acting as a  
general steam reservoir, the smaller  
one serving the pop valves and steam  
whistle. The most improved system of  
Westinghouse air brake is used, which  
will be specially useful in ascending  
and descending the mountain grades,  
on which division of the system the  
engine will be used. Owing to the  
length and consequent weight of the  
piston rod it is extended with a view  
to a proper adjustment of its balance.  
One feature in the construction of the  
tender which may be noticed is the  
metal break beam constructed of special  
"channel" iron. On the journey from  
Montreal to Winnipeg every part of  
the great machine performed its duties  
admirably, and the company may be  
congratulated on the possession of one  
of the best built and most powerful  
locomotives in use on this continent.—  
Free Press.

**Twenty Years....**  
For more than twenty years  
we have been telling how  
Scott's Emulsion overcomes the  
excessive waste of the system,  
puts on flesh, nourishes and  
builds up the body, making it  
the remedy for all wasting dis-  
eases of adults and children,  
but it isn't possible for us to  
tell the story in a mere stick-  
ful of newspaper type.  
We have had prepared for  
us by a physician a little book,  
telling in easy words how and  
why Scott's Emulsion benefits,  
and a postal card request will  
be enough to have it sent to  
you free. To-day would be a  
good time to send for it.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

**The Grain Standards.**  
Very little is heard about how the  
grain is to be graded this year. Farmers  
are satisfied with the prices and it  
would accordingly be hard for the ag-  
ricultors to get up a kick this season. The  
standards will be fixed on the same  
plan as last year and by the same board.  
Mr. S. Spink, chairman of the board,  
is now arranging to have the board  
meet in Winnipeg on as early a date  
as possible, which will be on or about  
September 22nd, if the weather remains  
favorable. A spell of wet weather  
would delay threshing and render it  
necessary probably to postpone date of  
meeting. Inspector Horn is arranging  
to have the usual samples of the crop  
brought in for the use of the board, in  
striking the standards. Following are  
the persons who constituted the board  
last year: S. Spink, chairman; Jas.  
Mitchell, Winnipeg; K. Campbell,  
Brandon; C. P. Watts, Toronto; Find-  
lay Young, Dorrance; S. C. Elkin-  
son, Fort Qu'Appelle; W. Postleth-  
waite, Brandon; Jas. Riddell, Carleton-  
place; J. McQueen, Carletonplace; P. Ferguson,  
Thos. A. Crane, Montreal; Chris.  
Johnston, Balcarres; Jas. Crothers,  
Montreal; Jas. Elder, Virden; C.  
Cassels, Foxton; R. M. Finn, Moose-  
min; W. M. Loughlin, Toronto, and  
W. McDonald. The latter gentle-  
man was unable to act last year, owing  
to illness, and Jas. Underhill was  
appointed in his place. There possibly  
may be some changes this year owing  
to similar causes, but so far is now  
known these are the persons who will  
act.

**Christmas on the Klondyke.**  
The following bill of fare, for which  
the Calgary Herald is responsible, is  
going the rounds of the Canadian press.  
It has been said that variety is the spice  
of life, and Christmas in the Klondyke  
will be well spiced if the Herald's bill  
of fare turns out to be the real thing:  
**HOTEL DE GRAB-KLONDYKE.**  
**NOTICE.**  
Gold bricks not accepted in payment.  
Christmas, 1897.  
**SOP.**  
Purée of Mule.  
**FISH.**  
Trout when you Catch 'em.  
**ENTREES.**  
N. W. M. P. Gull.  
Nuggets de Terre.  
Yankee Jingo Slapjacks.  
Grilled Tenderloin.  
**ROASTS.**  
Prime Ribs of Mule.  
Sirloin of Mule with Stuffing.  
**BUILD.**  
Husky Dog.  
Strauss Overalls.  
**VEGETABLES.**  
Bi Choline of Gold Suckers.  
Moss and Mosquitoes.  
Snowballs Roasted, Fried and Stewed.  
Frozen Gravel. Seed Sand.  
**DESSERT.**  
Pay Dirt Pudding. Quicksilver Sauce.  
Klondyke Kicker Tart.  
Expectation Pie.  
**FRUITS.**  
Picks, Shovels, Crowbars, Spiders.  
**WINE.**  
Ice Water. Hot Water. Cold Water.  
Stagnant Water. City Water.  
**A MERRY CHRISTMAS.**  
God Save the Queen.

Women are not the only ones who are  
sensitive about their ages. A man doesn't  
like to be told that he is getting old. Health  
keeps a man young. I don't make any  
difference if he has lived eighty years. If  
they have been healthy years he will be hale  
and hearty and won't look within twenty  
years as old as he is. Good digestion and  
rich, red blood make people look youthful.  
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery  
makes rich, red blood. It makes health in  
the right way. It works according to the  
right theory and in 30 years of practice, it  
has proved that the theory is absolutely  
correct. It begins at the beginning—begins  
by purging the stomach, liver and bowels  
into perfect order, but it begins its good  
work on the blood before it finishes with the  
digestive system. It searches out disease  
germs wherever they may be and forces them  
out of the body. All druggists keep the  
"Discovery."

**Without a Peer—Works Miracles.**  
Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is with-  
out a peer. The great remedy relieves in-  
stantly the most aggravated and distressing  
forms of heart disease. It is the surest and  
quickest acting formula for heart trouble  
known to medical science, and thousands of  
times has the hand of the grim destroyer  
been stayed by its use. If there is palpi-  
tation, shortness of breath, pain in the left  
side, smothering sensations—don't delay, or  
you may be counted in the long list of those  
who have gone over to the great majority,  
because the best remedy in the world to day  
was not promptly used. Sold by W. W. Bole.  
**LIMB PAINS.**  
**Contract Rheumatism and You**  
**Will Suffer Untold Agonies—**  
**Use South American Rheu-**  
**matic Cure and You Will Have**  
**Relief in a Few Minutes, and a**  
**Cure in Three Days—Testi-**  
**mony Proves It.**  
"I was for three years a great sufferer  
from rheumatism—pains in my limbs were  
particularly distressing. I had tried almost  
every known remedy, but received no bene-  
fit. I was advised to give South American  
Rheumatic Cure a trial. I purchased two  
bottles. When I had used one and a half  
bottles I was perfectly cured. I consider it  
a wonderful remedy, and take pleasure in  
recommending it." F. Nugent, Niagara  
Falls, Ont. Sold by W. W. Bole.

**The Neglected Bible.**  
In times that are to memory lost,  
In far off days of yore,  
They tell me that a Bible cost  
A thousand pounds or more.  
And I am not at all surprised  
At reverence of old  
Methods that things are chiefly prized  
By what they cost in gold.  
For men would toil in days of old  
Thro' sufferings intense  
To earn a book that now is sold  
For six or seven cents.  
And men have drained their bosoms core  
In many a bloody war  
For that which now is purchased for  
The price of a cigar.  
I see it laid away from light,  
Its covers thick with dust,  
Its clasps that once were free and bright  
Are welded close with rust.  
Man falls each day a sacrifice  
Before the god of self,  
While the neglected Bible lies  
Unopened on the shelf.  
My lady's fine piano is  
Man's altar upon the hearth;  
If Bibles cost as much, I wish,  
She'd prize her bible more.  
She'd guard it with a jealousy  
That had a tender gear.  
The room that held it—it would be  
A sweet and sacred place!  
Alas! the world around doth teach  
What sets my blood on fire;  
Man stands upon the verge to reach  
Some selfish, mean desire.  
The dead sea trout above his head,  
The Bible 'neath his feet,  
And if his hands with crime are red  
The horror is complete.  
Up to thy tents, O Israel!  
Hew down the golden calf,  
Go find the Bible where it fell  
Among the dust and delf.  
Call up our growing nation  
Thro' this Dominion broad,  
To be one congregation,  
To hear the Word of God!

The Khan.  
A despatch from Kansas City says  
that a million and a half pounds of  
mess beef for use by the Japanese army  
and navy is being prepared in that  
city by the Armour Packing company.  
The shipment is the largest single beef  
order ever filled by a Kansas City  
house. The first shipment has been  
made in a special train of twenty cars  
over the Chicago and Great Western  
railroad. At St. Paul the cargo will be  
transferred to the Canadian Pacific  
for Vancouver, whence it will go by  
steamer to Nagasaki.

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## GO! A TANDEM.

Of course Mr. Stone never for one moment imagined that any of the parishioners would object to his riding a bicycle.

St. John's, Rummford, was a large, strapping parish, and as he made a practice of calling once a fortnight upon every member of the congregation he rightly judged that it would save him a great deal of walking. Pleasure had nothing to do with the purchase.

As it had had it, however, he encountered Miss Meddley the first time he rode out. Although no tyro, he was out of practice, and he dared not let go a handle to lift his hat, so he went by with a nod and a smile.

Miss Meddley stopped short. Turning about, she glared after the curate's flying coat-tails until they disappeared in the distance, then marched straight to the vicarage, whither she had been several times before on Mr. Stone's account—visits concerning which he was blessedly ignorant.

It is necessary to explain that Miss Prudence Meddley was a very important personage in the parish of St. John's. For the sake of the poor the vicar could not ignore her opinions. She had an income of \$15,000 a year, and one-tenth of that sum—not a penny more and not a penny less—she gave to him to bestow as he thought proper.

By reason of her confidence Mr. Armitage shut his eyes to her austerity and narrow mindedness, but the truth must be told here. Miss Meddley was stern and forbidding in appearance and disposition. Every form of enjoyment she considered baneful, if not a deadly sin.

From the first she objected to Mr. Stone. After his opening service, which had greatly pleased the vicar, she complained that he was too young, too tall and too plain looking.

"All the girls will be setting their caps at him," she said to one of those complaining visits previously mentioned. "They will think a great deal more of the preacher than of the sermon. It was very unwise of you to engage him."

The good old vicar said he hoped not and thought no more about it unless to laugh quietly to himself.

In some unaccountable manner she discovered that Mr. Stone had fallen in love with Nelly Armitage. It was true enough, but at the same time the vicar's daughter was by no means sure of the fact herself.

Miss Meddley was not aware that the handsome, well set up young clergyman possessed a private income large enough to marry upon whenever he thought proper, but she would probably have acted just the same in any case.

"You know I warned you that Mr. Stone would not do," she told that young lady's papa. "Unless you wish to be entangled in a very undesirable love affair you will get rid of him."

The Rev. Mr. Armitage looked rather bewildered, but not at all displeased. "Love affair? Nelly!" he exclaimed. "She hasn't said anything to me, nor has Mr. Stone."

"No," said Miss Meddley, with her vinegary smile. "I don't suppose it has come so far as that. I thought it my duty to put you on your guard in time."

"I am very much obliged, I am sure," rejoined the vicar.

And there is no doubt he was very thankful for the information. St. John's was rather a poor living, and he had given too much away to be able to save anything. His daughter being unmarried, the prospects of her union with an independent gentleman of the highest character would not be likely to interfere with his sleep of nights.

"And you will act without delay!" continued Miss Meddley. "When the time comes, I must not be precipitate. You know."

The vicar changed the subject, plunged into part affairs, and so escaped further awkward questions upon that occasion. But it was only a respite. The meeting with the curate on his bicycle took place two days later. Mr. Armitage chanced to be standing at his study window and saw Miss Meddley coming up the garden.

"I have been shocked," she said, "positively shocked. And I am sure you will be when I tell you that I have just met Mr. Stone on a bicycle."

"I don't see any harm in it," rejoined the vicar, who did not look in the least perturbed.

"I am surprised," the clergyman said, "that a bicycle can be so near the goal wall of his congregation. I will not countenance it. Mr. Stone must give it up or he will be compelled to take a pew in St. Mark's. I should feel quite uncomfortable. I really could not sit under him."

St. Mark's was the wealthiest parish in Rummford. If she left St. John's she would be sure to take her \$15,000 with her, and this was a contingency to be avoided at almost any cost.

"I trust you have acted upon the hint I gave you concerning Nelly," said the vicar.

"Well, no," he answered. "I don't see how I can interfere at present."

Miss Meddley turned herself off with the air of a victor. The vicar watched her far down the garden and then went to his daughter's room to unburden his mind.

"Of all the unreasonable mischief makers I ever met that woman is the worst!" he cried. "She is indeed well named Meddley."

"Papa!" exclaimed the girl, looking up in surprise.

Miss Meddley had just called. "He went on. 'She wants me to put my foot down on Stone's bicycle.'"

"I didn't know that he had one," she rejoined with a blush which did not escape the vicar's notice.

"Neither do I. How can I tell him that he mustn't ride a bicycle here? I don't know how he will take it. He might resign."

"I hope he will not do that," said the girl quickly.

"It is not likely to do so. Mr. Stone is not a man to allow any one to dictate to him. But she has threatened to leave St. John's. You know what that would

mean to the poor next winter. I wish you would speak to him."

The vicar suggested Nelly's cheeks a still more vivid red.

"Oh, no, no!" she cried. "I could not. Whatever made you think of that?"

"Miss Meddley says he is in love with you," he answered slyly. "If that is so he wouldn't be likely to take offense."

"I like it, it has nothing to do with Miss Meddley," she rejoined with asperity. "How did she learn it? Why did she tell you?"

"I cannot answer the first question. Miss Meddley has the eye of a lynx. She told me as an inducement to send Mr. Stone away. She thought I ought to be warned. You know she confided that every curate should be middle-aged and as plain as a pikestaff."

"Papa, let Miss Meddley leave St. John's. I don't know why, but perhaps the poor people wouldn't suffer much for the want of her \$15,000. I could go around and collect for the fun."

"No, my dear, we must bear with her for the sake of the widows and fatherless. I will send a note to Mr. Stone asking him to call this evening. When he comes, we will talk it over."

Mr. Stone never had a prior engagement when asked to spend an evening at the vicarage—at least he never pleaded one. It was rather late when he arrived, however, for he had been sitting with a sick woman and did not receive the vicar's note until 7 o'clock. He came on the offending bicycle, which he left in the garden.

The vicar introduced the bicycle almost at once, stating exactly what had passed between himself and Miss Meddley.

"I am rather surprised," said the curate smiling. "But you did quite right to say that it would give it up. It would give up almost anything rather than that a member of the church should be offended. Miss Meddley's \$15,000 does not influence me, I should not just the same if she hadn't a penny to bestow in charity."

Nelly gave him a quick glance of admiration. The vicar rose from his chair and grasped him by the hand.

"That is the true Christian spirit," he cried. "I am glad."

"I am sorry that Miss Meddley does not like me," Mr. Stone went on, after a pause. "I must try to win her over. As for the bicycle, as I came here on it, I had better ride it home, but I shall probably get rid of it tomorrow."

The clock was striking 11 when the vicar suddenly pushed the board away, exclaiming:

"Dear me! I had no idea it was so late."

Mr. Stone rose at once and took his leave. To reach his lodgings it was necessary to pass Miss Meddley's fine house, which lay back a considerable distance from the road. As he went by he fancied he heard a shout. Applying the brake, he dismounted and listened. He had not been mistaken. Some one was calling to him.

The gate of the carriage drive was wide open. Pushing his machine before him, he ran it up to the house at his best speed.

"What is the matter?" he cried.

"Burglars," answered a voice at an open window. "They have taken my jewels and all my securities. I am ruined!"

He recognized Miss Meddley notwithstanding her dishabille. She came down in a dressing gown, greatly distressed.

"I heard a noise in my boudoir," she explained, "and getting out of bed went to see what was the matter. There were two men. The window was open, and they had a ladder. I could not stop them, and they have taken my jewelry box and all my securities, which I fetched from the bank this morning to check, as I do twice a year. They drove away in a trap. I saw them go."

"Which way?" cried the curate excitedly.

"To the right," was the reply.

"I'll follow them. My bicycle's outside. Send some one to the police station to give the alarm. The thieves are from Bedlington, no doubt."

A minute afterward the curate of St. John's was pedaling along the Bedlington road as fast as he could go. It was his first attempt at "scorching," and he made fair to shine at that dangerous pastime.

Swiftly, noiselessly, the pneumatic sped on, until the quick beats of the hoofs ahead became more audible to the cyclist as he rode. Nearer and nearer he drew, until at last the trap was in sight. The moon was shining brightly, and he could see that it contained two men and a boy.

It was a desolate part of the road, with not a house in sight, but the village of Cranworth lay only a mile ahead, and the burglars must pass through it.

Gradually drawing up as the flickering lights came in view, he presently saw the two men turn round and stare at his head and dismounted as nearly in the centre of the village as he could judge. At that hour the streets were deserted and most of the houses were in darkness. But Mr. Stone was not alone. "Blue," he felt himself more than a match for a couple of Bedlington thieves. The boy he did not count.

Mr. Stone had scarcely had time to get his hand before the trap was upon him. Picking up a pebble, he shielded it through the nearest lighted window to rouse the inmates, and springing at the horse's head, caught hold of the reins.

Imprecations assailed his ears, blows were showered upon him with the whip, but he did not let go. The driver sprang to the ground and rushed at him. Still holding the horse with his left hand, he knocked the fellow down, never ceasing to shout: "Thieves! Thieves!"

The second man leaped from the trap to assist his companion, but he also received a knockdown blow. It all passed in a few seconds, but the villagers were aroused. Mr. Stone ran from the cottages without coats or waistcoats, women with shawls thrown over their nightdresses. The boys escaped in the confusion, but both were secured and handed over to the constable, who arrived in his stockings and trousers, and thus clad marched them to the lock-up.

In the trap Mr. Stone found Miss Meddley's jewel case and the box in which she had placed the securities, both unopened. Having given the constable his name and address, and received a return early in the morning, that officer, a very young man, allowed him to depart with the plunder tied to the handle bar of his bicycle.

Mr. Stone from Cranworth met a mounted policeman, mounted by two more in a dogcart. Stopping them, he informed them of the capture of the burglars and rascal. The Lines were a blaze of light when he arrived. Dr. Gray's carriage stood at the door and a fussy police inspector stood on the doorstep.

"Can't go in, sir!" cried the functionary as the curate approached with the recovered valuables.

"That is immaterial," was the answer. "Perhaps you will give these boxes to Miss Meddley. I have no doubt that the thieves are in custody at Cranworth."

"Why—why?" cried the inspector, who had recognized the new curate of St. John's. "You don't mean to say, sir, that you've got the swag?"

"Yes, I do," said Mr. Stone; "all of it, I think. The locks do not appear to have been tampered with. Perhaps you will be good enough to inform Miss Meddley that I overtook the burglars on my bicycle," he added, with a quiet laugh.

Soon after 10 o'clock the next morning Miss Meddley called at the vicarage. She had not quite got over the excitement of the previous evening, and a great deal of what she said was so incoherent that the vicar, who knew nothing of the burglary previous to her visit, could not make head or tail of it. But he had a very clear recollection of the most important of her rambling remarks.

"I do hope you haven't said anything to Mr. Stone about his bicycle. It would be painful to me to object to a curate of this kind. I am convinced that the purpose was good, and I am sorry that I said a word about it. And if Nelly likes him and they think of marrying, I shall not object. I shall make her a wedding present of a substantial character."

Miss Meddley was as good as her word—rather better, in fact. When a month later Miss Meddley's engagement to her father's curate was announced and the wedding day fixed, that young lady received a very substantial gift in the shape of a bicycle.

Mr. Stone seldom rides his bicycle now. He is much more frequently to be seen on a tandem—Answers.

**GERMAN EMPEROR AND SULTAN.**

William Obligated to the Sultan, and Hence His Exposure of the Turkish Cause.

People are saying openly in Germany, and for the matter of that in London, St. Petersburg, Paris, and in Vienna as well, that it is not merely spite against his sister, but financial considerations, that has led the Emperor to espouse the cause of Turkey against Greece. It is well known that the Emperor has been in financial straits for some time past on account of his extravagance, and that the palace treasures experience great difficulty in getting their accounts settled.

It is hardly credible that Emperor William's championship of the Sultan should be due to a timely loan of large size received from the Turkish ruler, although this is most solemnly asserted, not only by the Turkish press, but even in the semi-official press of the various European capitals. On the other hand, Emperor William is continually being and accepting extremely valuable presents from the Sultan, to which he responds by means of photographs and similar cheap methods.

This species of intercourse has excited the jealousy of the Empress, who, on the occasion of the Sultan's visit to Constantinople, on that occasion the Sultan devoted a palace in the park of the Yildiz Kiosk to their accommodation and beg anxious to impress the guests with befitting splendor he laid his richest treasures under contribution by demanding the loan of all their choicest treasures to complete the furnishings of the palace, the Pashas, of course, being compelled to comply. The admiration professed by the Emperor and Empress for the marvellously beautiful things with which they were surrounded in the palace prepared for their accommodation was so enthusiastic that the Sultan with truly Oriental hospitality, which he accepted, accepted everything that they saw as their own, and upon their departure he had everything packed and forwarded to Berlin, naturally without asking the Sultan's permission to do so.

When most if not all of the valuables belonged. Nor must it be forgotten that some of the very finest jewels worn on state occasions by the Empress of Germany were presented to her by the Sultan.

**ROYAL SUCCESSION.**

How It Is Governed in Various European Countries.

The Empress of Russia has presented the Czar with another daughter. The Czar is said to be elated as a father, but to be disappointed as a sovereign. This is but a way of saying that his next heir, the Grand Duke George, is still heir to the throne. The Grand Duke is no less disappointed than the head of his house. His health is very delicate, and he has to pass most of his time on the Mediterranean. The two infant daughters have but extremely remote chances of the succession. They are not wholly excluded, but all male heirs take precedence of them; that is to say, in the present instance the Czar's two brothers, and any male children or children's children they may have, to say nothing of the possible heirs male of the Czar. At present, however, neither of these Princes is married. On the extinction of the last male line, the throne passes into the female line, according to their degrees of proximity to the Emperor or his reign. This was the system of succession established by the Emperor Paul, and it is one of the three existing contemporary European states. Under the same system which prevails in Belgium, Sweden, Norway, Italy, Denmark, and Prussia, females are completely excluded. In England male heirs in the same degree of relation to the sovereign succeed females without any regard to priority of birth. Thus, though the son of a king may be younger than a daughter, the son succeeds as being in a closer degree of relationship. It is also in practice in Spain and Portugal, and it is called the cognate or Castile system. The Russian system also prevails in Holland, Greece, Bavaria, and Sardinia. Under the Germanic system, the throne is inherited by the male line, and the female line is excluded. The system under which he ascended the throne in order to disinherit his disobedient son Alexis. He decreed that the succession should be determined by a testamentary disposition of the sovereign. Unfortunately, however, he forgot to make a will, although the quidnuncs of Europe hastened to repair the omission for him by publishing a statement that the Emperor had made a will supposed to govern Russian policy to this day. His nearest successors, however, adhered to his plan, until it was found that in testating an heir to the throne, they generally bequeathed a civil war at the same time.

## RESURRECTING THE DEAD.

### THE MANY WAYS BY WHICH IT MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED.

Patents Whereby the Spark of Human Life May be Rekindled—Electricity, Drowning, Hanging.

A French physician has patented a device for the purpose of breathing new life into bodies which are lifeless or apparently lifeless. A vessel into which water is poured is surrounded by an air chamber, and has fixed in it an upright tube surmounted by a globe. In the centre of the tube is a vacuum gauge. When the proper valve is turned, water in the upright tube moves upward and downward, producing alternate inhalations and exhalations in another tube leading to the free air. By suitable mouth or nasal pieces the latter tube is attached to the body of the subject. The instrument being attached and put into operation, the lungs will be filled with air and emptied at alternative intervals, corresponding in regularity, with the natural expansion and contraction of the chest in normal breathing. Thus the blood may be supplied with its necessary oxygen, and unless decomposition has set in life may be kindled anew.

**ANOTHER METHOD.**

Still another invention of this class is that of the Brooklyn physician. It is an air-tight chamber, suitable in size for the accommodation of a man's body. It is connected with an air radiator and compressor, the controlling mechanism of which is worked by a rotary shaft and crank. It is claimed that the subject inside may be made to breathe when the interior atmosphere is alternately rarefied and compressed, his lungs, as well as the chamber itself, being filled and then emptied as the valves are kept working.

Still another such invention, that of a Buffalo man, is a bellows and tube, the latter to be connected with the mouth and nostrils. The tube, before reaching the subject, passes through a small stove, which heats the air to the proper temperature.

An odd apparatus, which may be included in this category, is a sort of corset, patented by a California man, which, while encircling the chest, may be made to automatically compress and let free the muscles of the thorax which control respiration.

**TO SAVE THE DROWNED.**

Up to this time physicians have accomplished little by attempts at resuscitation, except in cases of catalepsy, syncope, a few kinds of poisoning, drowning, hanging, and other forms of asphyxia, and electrocution. The old-fashioned, or direct method, now generally applied in such cases is to place the patient upon his back and to compress and expand his chest cavity by pressure of the hands. Renewed life has been breathed into young children by what is known as the mouth-to-mouth insufflation. The operator places his mouth to that of the patient, and by keeping up a systematic process of exhalation and inhalation the latter's lungs are worked again.

Physicians now have hopes of resuscitating a drowned man after life has been apparently extinguished for an hour. A man appears to be more fortunate than the dog in this respect. In the course of experiment some time ago to determine this degree of comparison, which was made by a wholly untrained dog, which was held wholly under water for a minute and a half, never recovered, and their hearts stopped beating four minutes after breathing had ceased. The testimony of persons resuscitated after drowning indicates that such a mode of death is not nearly so painful as one might imagine. A tickling in the throat is about the only pain which is usually experienced.

**DEATH BY ELECTRICITY.**

Physicians have recently made observations which lead to new theories of resuscitation. It is more regular than in cases of death from electricity. If a person should take a sufficient dose of nitro-glycerine or nitrate of amyl, but when not actively engaged in the conduct of the service he usually sits beneath the pulpit, being, it is said, somewhat deaf at times. During prayer all the men stand up.

**THE DEPARTMENT STORE.**

Lady Shopper (in mammoth department store, to lace-curtain salesday)—Where shall I find the ribbon counter, please?

Saleslady (apologetically)—I don't know where. You will have to ask one of the floor pedestrians.

**A BORISKEE REMEDY.**

Tired Tompkins—I'd sooner be frozen than snunkstruck, any day.

Turtle Duvy—You don't know wot yer talkin' about. When dey finds a man frozen dey put 'em right into a tub uv cold water fer 'em to swim out 'ink uv dat!

**HIS IMPRESSION.**

S. S. Teacher—Tell the class what you know about Jonah.

Pupil—He was a hoodoo.

A heartless rogue in Louisville dashed excitedly into a doctor's office proclaiming in alarmed tones that he had just accidentally swallowed a pint of arsenic in which he afterward learned, his wife had unintentionally dropped a small quantity of arsenic. The doctor produced a stomach pump, and rushed down stairs for warm water.

While he was gone the rogue stole the stomach pump.

Water buckets saved Mrs. J. M. Davis, of Buckingham, Va., from drowning while she was on her way to a spring. The path led over a tunnel of an abandoned gold mine, and some rotten timbers giving away, just as Mrs. Davis got above them, the tunnel roof collapsed, and she fell into thirty feet of water. An empty bucket on each arm buoyed her up until she was able to grasp a floating log.

## WHAT UNCLE SAM IS AT.

### ITEMS OF INTEREST ABOUT THE BUSY YANKEE.

Neighborhood Interest in His Doings—Matters of Moment and Mirth Gathered from His Daily Record.

Forest fires have destroyed 49,000 acres of timber in New York State in the past three years.

Petitions to the Connecticut General Assembly for the incorporation of electric railroads are coming in thick and fast.

It takes thirty-seven specially constructed and equipped steamers to keep the sub-marine telegraph cables of the world in repair.

Throughout Western Florida the outlook for immigration this winter season is the kind known before in the history of that section.

It is estimated that over 10 per cent. of the potato crop of Southwestern Michigan was left rotting in the ground by reason of the low price in the fall.

The new business going to Keene, N. H., this year will materially help the trade. One thousand hands in the bicycle plant means about 3,000 increase in population.

At Coggins' mill, near Sisson, Cal., loggers cut a tree a short time ago which was just 40 years of age. It was eight feet in diameter and produced 15,000 feet of lumber.

Arizona convicts have been leased for ten years at 70 cents per head a day. Their labour is to be used in constructing an irrigating canal to reclaim 100,000 acres of land.

Farmers around Vermilion, S. D., are annoyed by wolves, and are complaining about it. In Wisconsin, near Superior, the Chippewa Indians are slaughtering wolves at \$10 a scalp.

The citizens of Volusia County, Fla., are working to secure immigrants from the North-western States. They expect to locate 1,000 families in that county within the next few years.

For stealing from a dead man's wardrobe some of the tools of his trade another deaf mute against whom three others of the silent people testified, has been sent to jail at Kansas City.

One citizen of Atchison, Kan., found himself the other day a party to three law suits in as many different courts at the same time. One of the cases being a divorce action brought by his second wife.

In New Orleans there is a nursery, the inmates of which are all coloured. They are called the Holy Family of Sisters. The institution at present shelters 69 sisters, 20 novices and 6 candidates.

New Haven, Conn., is soon to have a society of those whose ancestors came from Great Britain and were entitled to display a coat of arms according to the records of the Herald's College in London.

A Chicago policeman resigned his position two years ago because he became too pious for that sort of work. He joined the Salvation Army, and has just been promoted to the position of base-drummer.

Mrs. Long, the wife of ex-Governor Long, of Massachusetts, says that Mrs. McKinley must be a good woman to let her husband be President, when she needs him more than herself, on account of her illness.

Calais, Me., has been visited by some birds, the names of which local ornithologists appear not to have determined. The birds are about the size of sparrows, but the sparrows don't like them and kill them.

General G. W. C. Lee, who has just resigned the presidency of Washington and Lee University, was the eldest son of R. E. Lee, and, through his mother was a direct descendant of George Washington's father.

Three bandits drove up to the grocery of Harry Cliff, in Taylor street, Chicago, in a barouch, entered the store, and deliberately robbed the proprietor of \$25, all the money he had. They then drove off in style.

George Lewis, 88 years old, of Whitefield, Me., is as able, physically and mentally, as when in his prime, and he has just cut and saved up the necessary timber to make a blacksmith shop, and alone hauled it out of the woods with an ox team.

It has been announced in Park Texas, that a prisoner, S. E. Knight, in the Federal jail there, has invented an aluminum airship, weighing 100 pounds, in the manufacture of which a New York company is said to have expressed a willingness to back him.

A pig jumped in front of a B. & O. train near Jeffersonville, Ind. The engineer saw it, and signalled for the farmer's loss. But when the train got to Winton, five miles away, the pig was found on the plots of the engine a little bruised, but not otherwise injured.

While cutting timber at Bethlehem, N. H., a man fell through a hole in the ground and found himself in a cave where there were thousands of bats, and he was killed by one of them.

Her father is the baby, her mother is the baby, and she is the youngest of the family.

Angry at a neighbor for killing his dog, a Frederick, Md., farmer asked a lawyer to collect \$10 for him. The lawyer, however, was so angry at the case that he wrote the offender to call and pay up. The guilty man, frightened at the thought of two lawyers after him, went to the lawyer and paid the \$10, remarking incidentally that he had received a letter from the other. The lawyers met and divided the \$10, and their client had to laugh at himself.







# Fortify

## .. YOUR SYSTEM

For the Fall and Winter by taking  
a bottle of our...

## Sarsaparilla.

A box of Pills and the biggest bottle  
of Sarsaparilla you ever  
bought

FOR \$1.00.

It Makes Rich Red Blood.

See our table of—

## TOILET SOAP.

New customers are being added  
every day to this line of our busi-  
ness. The immense variety and  
low prices command the soap trade  
and we have both.

## W. W. BOLE.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1897.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Mr. Hugh Ferguson left for Yellow-  
grass last night.

Mrs. Walter Scott returned home to  
Regina Wednesday evening.

Fireman J. M. Wallace has been  
transferred to the Rat Portage division.

Hon. Mr. Sifton and Major Walsh  
have postponed their departure for the  
Yukon.

Mrs. Card left a few days ago to  
join her husband in Brandon, where  
she will reside in future.

Mrs. W. C. Sanders left on Monday  
evening for Regina, on a short visit to  
her daughter, Mrs. A. D. Millar.

Mr. R. C. Randall, formerly of  
Moose Jaw, but now of Regina, was in  
town yesterday, returning home from a  
trip to the Kootenay.

At St. John the Baptist's church on  
Sunday there will be Holy Communion  
at 8 o'clock and the Holy Eucharist at  
11 o'clock after morning prayer.

W. D. Staples, of Cowan & Staples,  
dentists, will be at the Aberdeen House,  
Moose Jaw, on Monday and Tuesday,  
Sept. 20th and 21st for the practice of  
dentistry.

Mr. Wm. Lambert, of Regina, has  
been appointed grain buyer at Moose  
Jaw for the Broadly, Love & Tryon Co.,  
and arrived in town last week to com-  
mence operations for the season.

Mr. J. H. Ross, of the North-West  
Executive, is this week visiting York-  
ton and Saltcoats for the purpose of  
having a road opened up to the north  
where a large number of lumber camps  
will be in operation this winter.

Mrs. Alfred Richards, of Edmonton,  
who has been visiting her mother, Mrs.  
White, for some time, returned home  
on Sunday morning last. Miss Rachel  
White accompanied her sister to Ed-  
monton, where she will reside for a  
few months.

The entertainment to be given in the  
town hall next Thursday evening, under  
the auspices of the Methodist Ladies'  
Aid, will be something superior to  
anything that has appeared in Moose  
Jaw in the entertainment line for some  
time. If you wish to know the enter-  
tainers read "A Coming Event," on  
another page.

LAND DEPARTMENT.—Sellers want-  
ing homestead entries made for them-  
selves or their friends, or wishing to  
purchase any land in this vicinity, or  
wishing to insure against fire their  
houses or grain at low rates, or record  
their stock brands, are requested to  
call upon the undersigned. SEYMOUR  
GREEN.—Adv't.

Canada is making a good show at  
the Agricultural exhibition in St. Paul,  
Minnesota, and those who see it speak  
very highly of it. A correspondent  
says of it:—"In beauty of exhibits it  
knocks out the Great Northern and  
Northern Pacific, who have made  
special efforts for this occasion. The  
papers speak very favorably of it, and  
the national Congress of Farmers, now  
meeting here, have visited it in a body."

The Marquis of Lorne, when Gov-  
ernor General of Canada, was present  
at some sports held on the ice of the  
St. Lawrence River. Though wrapped  
in furs he felt the cold acutely, and  
was astonished to see an ancient Indian  
meandering around barefooted, en-  
veloped only in a blanket. He asked  
the savage how he managed to bear  
such a temperature when he had so  
little on. "Why you no cover face?"  
inquired the Indian. The Marquis  
replied that no one ever did so, and  
that he was accustomed to have his  
face naked from birth. "Good," re-  
joined the prairie king, "me all face,"  
and walked away.

Fred Green's steam threshing outfit  
No 2 started out on Wednesday.

Miss Maude Rolfe left on Sunday  
evening to visit friends at Winnipeg.

Mrs. MacPherson, of Ft. William  
arrived in town on Tuesday, for a few  
weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs.  
Dan. Morrison.

Fireman Geo. Young has been pro-  
moted to engineer and left this week  
for Rat Portage, where he has been  
transferred for the busy season.

A despatch from Montreal states  
that the Catholic Archbishop has for-  
bidden the priests of his diocese to ride  
bicycles on the grounds or within the  
city. It is undignified.

Ireland is likely to be visited by a  
famine the coming winter, as the  
potatoes are nearly all destroyed by  
blight, and the heavy rains have ruined  
the oats and other crops.

Judge Maguire, who has been ap-  
pointed over Yukon Judicial District,  
was banquetted at Prince Albert by  
his numerous friends on Friday evening  
last. Judge Maguire will leave with  
Major Walsh's party in a few days.

According to the record at the Indian  
Head Experimental Farm the past  
summer has been the longest growing  
season on record. The latest date for  
the first fall frost before was September  
7th. This year it was two days later.

Manitoba can produce plums. Thos.  
Frankland, of Stonewall, twenty miles  
from Winnipeg, sold fifty bushels of  
Manitoba plums in the city last week.  
Mr. Frankland has seedling apples  
which show signs of being hardy.—  
Commercial.

The output of the Edmonton cream-  
ery has averaged 1,600 pounds a week,  
or about 25,000 pounds since the season  
opened. This equals \$2,500 to the  
patrons on first payment, with a pros-  
pect of from \$1,200 to \$2,000 more at  
the end of the season.

Mr. M. J. MacLeod, our "reliable  
clothes and outfitter," has purchased  
the vacant lot south of J. A. Healy  
& Co's, and purposes erecting a hand-  
some store thereon. Owing to the  
lateness of the season only the foundation  
will be erected this year, and work will  
be commenced on the superstructure  
early next spring. We feel safe in  
saying that Mr. MacLeod's new store  
will be a credit to Main street and also  
to Moose Jaw's enterprising merchant.

D. W. Bole, president, and J. H.  
Ashdown, of the Winnipeg Board of  
Trade, recently had a conference with  
Mr. R. Kerr, C.P.R. traffic manager,  
in reference to freight rates to the  
Kootenay. Mr. Bole states that the  
charges from Montreal to Winnipeg  
and from that point to the Kootenay  
are now the same as the through rate,  
plus a small charge for cartage at  
Winnipeg, which was reasonable, and  
to that extent satisfactory.

The September number of *The Cana-  
dian Home Journal*, beyond its  
characteristic name, bears very little  
resemblance to *The Canadian Home  
Journal* of the past two years. It is  
under an entirely new management,  
and nothing will be spared in making  
it indispensable to every Canadian  
woman, in every Canadian home, and  
of which every Canadian journalist  
may justly be proud. Address, *The  
Canadian Home Journal*, McKinnon  
Building, Toronto.

On August 9th, there died in Prince  
Albert a lady named Elizabeth Inkster,  
at the age of 87. The deceased lady  
has quite an interesting history of her  
own. Born in 1810 near Seven Oaks,  
Kildonan, about the time of the troubles  
between the two great trading com-  
panies, which ended in the death of  
several men in a pitched battle at that  
point, she with her parents moved from  
place to place, finally settling in St.  
Paul's Parish. She there married Jas.  
Inkster, and they moved back to Seven  
Oaks, where many years were spent,  
and finally her last move was made to  
Prince Albert fifteen years ago. Mrs.  
Inkster always enjoyed the best of  
health and was never heard to complain.  
She leaves behind 10 children, 78  
grandchildren and 72 great-grand-  
children.—Advocate.

## BIRTHS.

IRVINE.—At Moose Jaw, on Saturday, Sept.  
14th, the wife of Mr. Irvine, of the C.P.R.,  
of a daughter.

McBRIDE.—At Caron, on Sunday, Sept. 13th,  
the wife of Mr. McBride, of a son.

McMILLAN.—At Moose Jaw, on Sunday, Sept.  
12th, the wife of Neil McMillan, of a son.

Awarded  
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.  
**PRICE'S**  
CREAM  
BAKING  
POWDER  
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free  
from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.  
40 Years the Standard.

There will be divine service (Angli-  
can) at Newberry school house, south  
of Moose Jaw, Sunday at 3 o'clock.

There are seventeen bridges between  
Lethbridge and Macleod, the first  
thirty-five miles of the Crow's Nest  
Railway, some of them being quite a  
length and height.

Messrs. Hunter & Rowe have been  
in town a few days this week with  
their merry go-round. Their machine  
is a novelty in Moose Jaw and they  
have received a fair patronage while  
here.

It being reported around town that  
there would be no Canadian Anthracite  
coal this winter, owing to the mines  
being flooded, the undersigned wishes  
to announce that he will receive a con-  
signment about Oct. 1st. See adv't  
next week. R. BEARD.—Adv't.

The issue of Jubilee stamps, accord-  
ing to the statement of Postmaster-  
General Mulock has netted the Gov-  
ernment at least \$225,000 over and  
above ordinary revenue and still it is  
felt that the issue might have been  
larger. It is now exhausted, so far as  
use for postal purposes is concerned.

Regina town council at its last regu-  
lar meeting passed a resolution con-  
demning a recent article in *La Patrie*,  
the government organ in Quebec,  
which referred to Regina as a place  
where there is no water or bush, and  
said that the land is desolating sterility.  
The resolution condemns the article as  
libelous and false.

The following are among those who  
registered at the dining hall this week:  
C. A. Griffith, F. Smith, E. Whaley, T.  
W. Glover, Toronto; C. A. McKay,  
Broadview; F. F. Hunt, Indian Head;  
Chas. Nicholls, Mapleford ranch; J. G.  
Whaley, Winnipeg; C. W. Coles, R.  
D. Turner, Montreal; Dr. P. E. Sizor,  
R. C. Randall, L. A. Night, Regina.

A rumor gained currency in Regina  
last week that Indian runners from the  
United States were sowing the seeds  
of rebellion among the Indians of the  
North-West. It turns out that there  
is no truth in the report, although an  
Indian from the south of the border  
visited Chief Pemet on Tuesday, but it  
is thought that it was only a friendly  
visit.

The young people of the Moose Jaw  
Baptist Church will hold a musical and  
literary entertainment in the town hall  
on Friday, Oct. 1, 1897. First class  
talent is being secured. Programme  
in next week's paper. Miss McKnight,  
graduate of the Montreal School of  
Education, and Mr. Jno. F. Fraser,  
violinist, late of Edinburgh, Scotland,  
will assist.

Mr. L. G. Tuxford, of Llandudno,  
North Wales, who has been spending  
a few days with his sons at Buffalo  
Lake, left this morning for the Pacific  
coast. He will return via the C.P.R.  
Mr. Tuxford says the North-West is a  
big place and it would be impossible  
for him to form a correct opinion of  
the capabilities of the country during  
his brief stay here.

The Presbyterian church of Canada  
will be represented at the Klondyke  
gold fields next year. Mr. R. M. Dickie,  
a student of Manitoba college, has been  
appointed by the Home Mission Com-  
mittee to represent the interests of the  
church in the far northwestern penin-  
sula. He will proceed at once as far  
as Dyea where he will remain for the  
winter, proceeding in the spring to the  
Klondyke valley.

*Free Press*.—The private car Ottawa,  
of the Dominion Government railways,  
was attached to the express from the  
east yesterday (Wednesday) having on  
board Collingwood Schreiber, C.E.,  
Deputy Minister and Chief Engineer  
of the Department of Railways and  
Canals, and Edmund L. Newcombe,  
Q. C., deputy Minister of Justice, who  
are on an official tour in the west. The  
party will remain in the city a few days  
before continuing their journey.

Threshing operations in this district  
are advancing rapidly. In the Boharm  
settlement Fred Green's outfit has  
finished for Mahlon Johnson, E. L.  
Might, Jas. and Richard Pascoe, Chas.  
Shepley and Joel Bate. Coming near  
town, Messrs. Joe Battell, W. J.  
Battell, G. W. Potter and J. H.  
Burbaker have all threshed. In the  
south Messrs. Jno. McInnis, Robt.  
Seeli, Jas. Keay and Jos Seeli finished  
on Wednesday. The grain is all a fair  
sample and good yield per acre, al-  
though it would have been better had  
it not been for the hot weather in  
August.

"Doc. Zim" has had quite an ex-  
perience since leaving Moose Jaw. He  
will be remembered that he started up  
here as a dentist some weeks ago, but  
one night he broke out and for a few  
hours made things lively around town.  
The next day he left, and the next  
heard of him was from Whitewood,  
where he was arrested for carrying a  
revolver. He was tried by the J. P.,  
found guilty and sentenced to one  
month in Regina jail. For a few days  
he kept things pretty lively for all  
concerned around the jail from the  
jailer to the turnkey. On Saturday he  
was taken from Regina to the Brandon  
asylum, being hopelessly insane. R.  
H. Zimmerman is his proper name and  
he comes originally from Hamilton. He  
is well known in the Territories having  
resided at several places along the line.

The season for prairie chicken opened  
on Wednesday.

The first wheat for the Moose Jaw  
market came in on Monday.

J. H. England, C.E., was at Re-  
gina yesterday. He returned home  
this morning.

Today's market price for wheat is  
76 cts. As high as 80 cts. was paid  
during the week.

About fifty huskies passed through  
on Sunday evening for the Yukon in  
charge of two policemen.

The Regina Conservatives met a  
week ago last Friday to congratulate  
Mr. Davin upon the dropping of the  
protest.

A supreme position has its penalties.  
President McKinley is said to receive  
on an average 60 letters a day from  
persons in need of financial aid. The  
amount asked for by one mail was  
\$25,000.

No further news has reached town  
as to the condition of Mr. D. M. Ross,  
who was so seriously hurt a week ago  
last Saturday, but it is thought that  
he must be recovering, otherwise there  
would likely have been some word.

W. J. Kirby, route agent for the  
Dominion Express Co., was in town on  
Monday on his first official visit, this  
being the western end of his division,  
where it joins Mr. D-vitt's.  
The Moose Jaw office is under Mr. Kirby's  
supervision.

Mr. Fred Pingle, of Regina, who  
won the one mile championship at the  
Calgary bicycle meet on Sept. 6th, was  
a passenger on Sunday evening's train  
returning home, having spent a few  
days at Banff. Fred also won several  
third prizes.

Brakeman Walter Simington left  
last week for the Winnipeg hospital,  
where an operation was performed  
upon a weak ankle, which has been a  
source of trouble to him for some  
years. He is still in the hospital but  
is able to move round on crutches.

Near Hazelton, B.C., in one of  
the districts where the coal miners are  
on strike, a posse of deputy sheriffs  
fired upon a group of 200 Hungarian miners,  
killing 21 and wounding many more.  
The action of the sheriff who ordered  
his men to fire, is universally condemn-  
ed. The affair has created terrible  
indignation all over the country.

Mr. Caniff, manufacturer of the  
five burning machine, has rented the  
Wolf farm in Kildonan for five years  
for the purpose of experimenting with  
his machine as a weed destroyer. He  
will attempt by a series of burnings to  
eradicate every weed from the farm.  
Messrs. McKellar, Grig and Waugh,  
and Rev. Mr. Burman, will visit the  
place this afternoon with a view of  
noting the present condition of the  
farm.—Free Press.

It might interest our readers to know  
that the Government creamery at  
Maple Creek is doing good work and  
giving good satisfaction, in spite of the  
lateness of starting operations. The  
first cream was received on July  
14th, and the returns for that month  
were received by the patrons a few  
days ago. The quantity of butter  
manufactured during the latter half of  
July was 2,353 pounds and the amount  
received by the patrons from the 10c  
advance was \$236.

A very sensational accident occurred  
in a bicycle race at Montreal last week.  
Two tandems collided and with the four  
riders, jumped a five foot fence. The  
report says: "There was a crash, as  
the wheels were going at the rate of a  
mile in two minutes, and almost before  
the horrified spectators could realize  
that an accident had happened, wheels  
and riders flew into the air, cleared the  
fence and disappeared from view." Only  
one of the riders was seriously  
hurt. He was carried from the track,  
and will recover.

Rev. T. Ferrier was at Indian Head  
last week attending the financial dis-  
trict meeting of the Regina district  
Methodist church. The claims of the  
various missions in the district were  
considered and recommendations con-  
cerning them forwarded to the board  
of missions. Three fields, Boharm,  
Wascana and Qu'Appelle this year  
became self-sustaining. The various  
sums required of the district for  
Wesley College, the superannuation  
fund and connexional funds were  
apportioned to the different fields.

The Society for the Propagation of  
the Gospel (S.P.G.), the oldest mission-  
ary society of the church of England,  
has issued a list of the grants made for  
the erection of churches, hospitals and  
colleges from the munificent bequest  
of the late Mr. Alfred Marriott, Mirfield,  
Yorkshire, England. The amount dis-  
tributed to be at this time available for  
distribution was \$355,000. Of this  
sum one half (\$177,500) is distributed  
among more than five hundred churches  
in Canada and Newfoundland, \$35,650;  
West Indies, \$22,525; Africa, \$118,  
650; Asia, \$128,300; Australasia,  
\$44,875; Europe, \$5,000. The Diocese  
of Qu'Appelle will receive one grant,  
viz, \$100 towards the erection of a  
church at Buffalo Lake, Moose Jaw.  
There were no fewer than 662 appli-  
cations and the total amount asked for  
was \$3,400,200. There must be many  
disappointments.

# NEW . FALL GOODS .

## Pouring in Upon Us Daily.

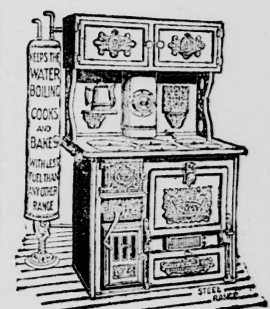
It has never been our good fortune  
to put before you such a large  
and beautiful assortment of new  
goods. We could never convince you  
so thoroughly by a thousand words  
of the worth, elegance, and cheap-  
ness, as five minutes use of your  
hands and eyes in our store. To  
those who want clothing in

## Men's, Boy's and Children's Suits,

single or double breasted style, pea  
jackets and overcoats, we would ask  
to see our stock before buying or  
sending away. We contemplate to  
meet your wants and to satisfy you  
if it is at all within our power. We  
have never been able to offer such  
valves in Shirts and Underwear as  
we are showing this fall. See our  
men's fine, all wool, plain and rib-  
bed underwear at \$1.25 a suit.  
Just opened, right from the manu-  
facturers, 3000 pair men's gloves and  
mitts, ranging from 25c a pair up.

## M. J. MacLEOD.

## Just Arrived!



## McClary's Stoves and Ranges.

BEST ON THE MARKET.  
All the latest styles and modern  
improvements.  
Purchase your stoves where you can  
see what you buy.

## G. K. SMITH.

Agent for Jaque's Ventilated Closet.

## MOOSE JAW MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 1	\$ 76
" No. 2	72
Oats	30
Potatoes (new)	65
Apples (green) per lb.	65
Onions, per lb.	10
Cheese	10
Bacon	11
Lard	12 1/2
Butter	17
Eggs, per doz	18

## Caron.

Mr. Jas. Hawkes is building a large addi-  
tion to his stable for the accommodation of  
his increasing herd.

The trustees of the Caron school have  
secured the services of Mr. F. A. Schuyler  
as teacher for the remainder of the term.

"Ade" has lately developed a strong  
desire to go to Westview on Sundays.  
We hope that his attentions are entirely given  
to the church services.

There must be some great attraction for  
some Moose Jaw people out here, but the  
masons' clerk doesn't think so.

Mr. A. H. Powell's large and comfortable  
new residence is nearing completion. The  
masons and carpenters expect to finish their  
work in about a week. When completed it  
will be one of the finest dwellings around  
Caron. It is well planned and handsomely  
constructed and is an ornament to the own-  
ers' well conducted farm.

Mr. Henry Powell, of Oregon, who has  
been visiting his cousins, the Messrs. Powell,  
and Regan, left a few days ago for Montana,  
where two of his sons reside. Mr. Powell,  
we believe, has been looking for a suitable  
location on which to start an extensive sheep  
ranch. He has travelled over the Territory  
considerably, and takes with him a very  
high opinion of the country, but especially  
of the Caron district. We wish for him a  
safe journey and look for his return at some  
future time.

## HOUSE TO LET.

A comfortable house on Fairfield street to  
let. Possession given on September 20th.  
Apply to C. A. GUS or J. G. BEESELEY. 9

## AGENTS.

I am just starting the best thing for money  
making you have seen for many a day.  
Your name and address will bring the golden  
information. R. P. GLASGOW, Toronto,  
Ont.

## WANTED.

Farmers' sons or other industrious persons  
of fair education to whom \$60 a month would  
be an inducement. I would also engage a  
few ladies at their own homes. T. H. LIN-  
SCOTT, Toronto, Ont.

## WANTED.

Men and women who can work hard talk-  
ing and writing six hours daily, for six days  
a week, and will be content with ten dollars  
weekly. Address, NEW IDEAS CO.,  
Medical Building, Toronto, Ont.

## WANTED.

Solicitors for "Canada, an Encyclopedia  
of the Country," in Five Royal Quarto  
Volumes. No delivering. Commission paid  
weekly. A canvasser reports his first week  
making over seventy dollars. THE LIN-  
SCOTT COMPANY, Toronto.

## STRAYED.

Strayed from the town herd, east of Moose  
Jaw, on or about August 14th, 1897, one  
year old spotted heifer, red and white,  
branded G on left shoulder. A suitable  
reward will be paid for any information  
leading to recovery of same. WM. SNOW.

## NOTICE

The grain business formerly carried on by  
E. A. Baker & Co., has been purchased by,  
and will after this date be continued by the  
undersigned.  
THOMAS B. BAKER.  
Moose Jaw, N.W.T., Sept. 15th, 1897.

## THRESHING.

Our threshing outfit is now ready to com-  
mence operations for the season. For the  
past thirteen years we have threshed in the  
district, and we are confident that we can  
give better satisfaction this season than ever  
before. Those desiring to thresh early  
should apply at once. F. W. GREEN.

## IMPOUNDED.

Impounded on Sept. 4, T. 16, R. 27, west  
of 2nd Meridian, on Wednesday, September  
1st, 1 bay mare about 2 years old, three  
white feet, white star on forehead; and one  
bay mare, hind feet white, stripe on face;  
both branded on left jaw. If not claimed  
in due time they will be sold, according to  
law. W. H. CATHCART, Poundkeeper, 9

## STRAYED.

Strayed from Moose Jaw on Monday, Sept.  
13th, 1897, one bay pony, with shoes on front  
feet, white stripes on face, mane and tail cut;  
one chestnut colt, two years old, with white  
mane and tail, white hind feet, white spot  
on face, branded H on left shoulder. A suit-  
able reward will be given for information  
that will lead to their recovery. R. BEARD,  
Moose Jaw.

## IMPOUNDED.

Impounded on Wednesday, Aug. 25th, one  
mare, cream color, branded XX on left  
shoulder; one brown mare, branded W on  
left hip, also HF on right hip; one dark  
brown mare, with sucking colt, branded HF  
on hip; One brown yearling gelding, no  
brand. If not claimed in due time will be  
sold according to law. JAMES CAMP-  
BELL, Poundkeeper, 22 17-28. 8-11p

## TENDERS.

Tenders will be received up to Saturday,  
the 2nd day of October next, for the pur-  
chase of the building known as Hinchey's  
Elevator, in the town of Moose Jaw, build-  
ing to be removed before the 30th of Nov.,  
following. The highest or any tender not  
necessarily accepted. Further particulars  
may be obtained from HITCHCOCK &  
McCULLOCH, Bankers, Moose Jaw. 11-13

## WANTED.

Canvassers.—"Queen Victoria: Her Life  
and Reign," has captured the British Em-  
pire. Extraordinary testimonials from the  
great men; send for copy free. Marquis of  
Lorne says, "The best popular Life of the  
Queen I have seen." Her Majesty sends a  
kind letter of appreciation. Selling by  
thousands; gives enthusiastic satisfaction.  
Canvassers making \$15 to \$40 weekly.  
Prospectus free to agents. THE BRADLEY  
GARRETTSON CO., LIMITED, Toronto,  
Ontario.

## To Cure

## RHEUMATISM

## TAKE

## Bristol's

## SARSAPARILLA

IT IS  
PROMPT  
RELIABLE  
AND NEVER FAILS.

IT WILL  
MAKE  
YOU WELL

Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it

## BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.